

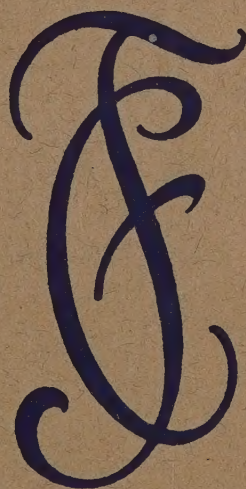
Louise Romig

THE NEW WAY

FOR MASTERING THE VIOLINS ENTIRE
LITERATURE

BY

OSSIP SCHNIRLIN



PART II

CHAMBER MUSIC WORKS WITHOUT PIANO

VIOLIN I

CARL FISCHER COOPER SQUARE NEW-YORK.

Louise Romig

THE NEW WAY

PART II

THE NEW WAY

for Mastering the Violin's Entire Literature

BY

OSSIP SCHNIRLIN

*A collection of difficult passages
contained in the most important Violin concertos,
Solo and Chamber Music Works*

Selected and compiled in systematic, chronologic order for daily study

Part I: Solo works

*Part II: Chamber music works **without** Piano: Violin I*

*Part III: Chamber music works **with** Piano: Violin I*

Part IV: Chamber music works with or without Piano: Violin I

Part V: Chamber music works with or without Piano: Alto

THE NEW WAY

By

OSSIP SCHNIRLIN

PART II

CHAMBRE MUSIC WORKS
WITHOUT PIANO

VIOLIN I

1 • 9 • 2 • 3

CARL FISCHER, Cooper Square, NEW YORK

For U. S. A. including Canada

B. SCHOTT'S SÖHNE / MAINZ / LEIPZIG / LONDON / BRÜSSEL / PARIS

VORWORT

zu dem Repetitorium für Kammermusik

Die technische Beherrschung der umfangreichen Kammermusikliteratur erfordert allein ein Studium für sich. Bisher aber war ein planmässiges Betreiben solchen Studiums ausserordentlich schwer, weil es dafür an zusammenhängendem Arbeitsmaterial fehlte. Diesem Mangel abzuhelpfen, ist Zweck der vorliegenden Sammlung. Sie enthält eine chronologisch geordnete Zusammenstellung aller schwierigen Stellen aus der gesamten Litteratur — soweit sie von Wichtigkeit ist — für die I. und II. Violine und für die I. und II. Viola.

Diese Sammlung ist für Künstler und Schüler gedacht, aber ebenso für jeden anderen Streicher, der Kammermusik pflegen will. Dem Künstler wird sie willkommen sein, weil sie ihn auf dem Laufenden hält und ihm auf diese Weise alle schwierigen Stellen jederzeit zur Verfügung stehen. Dem Schüler wird sie ein Studium in in ganz neuem, geistigen Sinne gestatten, denn es ist ein grosser Unterschied zwischen Virtuositentechnik und Kammermusiktechnik. Er wird an Hand dieses Materials alle komplizierten und solistischen Stellen aus den Werken der klassischen und modernen (auch der lebenden) Komponisten auf eine sehr bequeme Art mit seinem Lehrer studieren können.

Dem Musikliebhaber endlich wird diese Auslese von besonderem Nutzen sein. Er gewinnt einen Überblick über die technischen Anforderungen der verschiedenen Werke und kann sich im Voraus unterrichten, ob er z. B. dieses oder jenes Quartett überhaupt bewältigen wird.

Ähnliche Studien für Cello sollen, von einem Berufenen verfasst, in kurzem folgen.

Wie der I. Teil meines Studienwerkes (Konzertmusik) wird auch der II. Teil lexikonartig ergänzt und fortgesetzt werden. Von diesem zerfällt der vorliegende nur für die erste Geige bestimmte Band in zwei Abteilungen, und zwar enthält die erste Abteilung nur Streichmusik vom Duo bis zum Oktett, die zweite Abteilung nur Kammermusik mit Klavier von der Sonate bis zum Klavierquintett. Diesem Material ist ein Anhang hinzugefügt mit den wichtigsten Solis aus Bühnenwerken, Oratorien, Symphonien etc. Der zweiten Geige ist ein besonderer Band gewidmet, welcher ebenfalls Kammermusik mit und ohne Klavier vereinigt, in gleicher Weise ist der der Viola gewidmete Band in sich abgeschlossen, enthält aber einen Anhang, wie der Band für die erste Violine.

Auch dieser Teil meines Werkes konnte nur entstehen durch das liebenswürdige Entgegenkommen der Verleger: M. P. Belaieff, Leipzig, Ed. Bote & G. Bock, Berlin, M. Brockhaus, Leipzig, Choudens, Paris, Dreililien, Berlin, A. Durand & Cie., Paris; A. Fürstner, Berlin, A. Gutmann, Wien, C. F. Peters, Leipzig, Schlesinger'sche Musikhandlung (R. Lienau) Berlin, N. Simrock G. m. b. H., Berlin, Universal-Edition A. G., Wien. Ihnen allen spreche ich hiermit meinen ganz besonderen Dank aus.

OSSIP SCHNIRLIN

PRÉFACE

La musique de Chambre, dont la littérature est très riche, exige à elle seule une étude particulière pour qui veut se rendre maître de sa technique. Mais il était jusqu'ici presque impossible de poursuivre méthodiquement une telle étude, un cours systématique d'ensemble faisant défaut sur ce domaine. La présente collection a pour but de combler cette lacune. Elle présente, par ordre chronologique, un choix de tous les passages difficiles empruntés à l'ensemble des oeuvres de musique de chambre de quelque importance, pour le premier et le second violon et le premier et le second alto.

Ce choix est destiné aux artistes et aux étudiants, mais aussi à tout amateur désireux de cultiver la musique de chambre. Il sera bien accueilli par l'artiste en le tenant au courant et en mettant à sa disposition, à tout moment, tous les passages difficiles. Il permettra à l'élève de poursuivre ses études dans un sens intellectuel tout nouveau, car il y a une grande différence entre la technique de la virtuosité et celle de la musique de chambre. En utilisant ces extraits, il pourra travailler à son aise avec son professeur tous les passages compliqués et tous les solis des oeuvres classiques et modernes même émanant de compositeurs qui vivent encore.

Enfin ces extraits seront particulièrement utiles aux amateurs. Ils auront ainsi une vue d'ensemble des difficultés techniques des différentes oeuvres et pourront se rendre compte d'avance s'ils sont capables d'aborder, p. ex., tel ou tel quatuor.

Des études analogues, dues à une plume autorisée, paraîtront sous peu pour le violoncelle.

De même que la première partie de l'ouvrage (musique de concert), la seconde sera continuée et complétée à la façon d'un dictionnaire. Le présent volume, consacré exclusivement au premier violon, se divise en deux sections. La première ne comporte que les oeuvres pour instruments à cordes, du duo à l'octuor, la seconde des oeuvres de musique de chambre avec piano, de la sonate au quintette. A ces extraits est adjoit un appendice contenant les solis les plus importants des oeuvres théâtrales, oratorios, symphonies etc. Un second volume, comportant également des oeuvres de musique de chambre avec et sans piano, est consacré au second violon, le volume consacré à l'alto forme de même un tout complet, mais comporte un appendice, comme le volume du premier violon.

C'est encore à l'amabilité et à la bienveillance des éditeurs suivants que je dois d'avoir pu publier cette partie de mon ouvrage: M. P. Belaieff, Leipzig, Ed. Bote & G. Bock, Berlin, M. Brockhaus, Leipzig, Choudens, Paris, Dreililien, Berlin, A. Durand & Cie., Paris, A. Fürstner, Berlin, A. Gutmann, Vienne, C. F. Peters, Leipzig, Schlesinger'sche Musikhandlung (R. Lienau), Berlin, N. Simrock G. m. b. H., Berlin, Universal-Edition A. G., Vienne. Je leur présente à tous ici mes remerciements tout particuliers.

OSSIP SCHNIRLIN

PREFACE

The particular style of technique so necessary for a fine performance of chamber-music can only be acquired by special study. Because of the lack of a coherent arrangement of suitable material to form a working basis it has been difficult until now to pursue this line of study. The object of the present work is to remedy the deficiency. I have compiled a chronologically grouped collection of all difficult passages for 1st. and 2nd. violin and 1st. and 2nd. viola which occur in the most important works throughout the entire range of chamber-music.

My work is intended for the professional player, the student and the amateur who delights in the playing of trios, quartets etc. The artist will welcome my work, because it places at his disposal any difficult passage with which he may wish to deal at a moment's notice. To the student it will present an entirely new form of study, the technique of the soloist differing so essentially from that of the chamber-music player. It will enable him to study with his teacher the many intricate and solopassages contained in the works of classical, modern and living composers.

Lastly, the selection should prove of great value to the amateur. It will enable him to form an opinion of the technical difficulties of different works and to see at a glance whether this or that quartet comes within his scope.

Similar studies for the violoncello treated by an expert will follow.

As in the case of Part I of my studies (concert music) Part II will be constructed on dictionary-like lines. The volume allotted to the first violin is divided into two parts. Part I contains string music only, from the duet to the octet; Part II chamber-music with piano, from the sonata to the piano quintet. An appendix is added which includes important solos from operas, oratorios, symphonies etc. For the second violin it, also, contains examples of chamber-music with and without the piano. The volume given to the viola is complete in itself, like the first violin part it has an appendix.

It is owing to the kindness of the following music publishing firms that I have been able to complete my work: M. P. Belaieff, Leipzig, Bote & Bock, Berlin, M. Brodhaus, Leipzig, Choudens, Paris, Dreililien, Berlin, Durand & Cie., Paris, Fürstner, Berlin, A. Gutmann, Vienna, Schlesinger'scher Verlag (R. Lienau) Berlin, C. F. Peters, Leipzig, N. Simrock G. m. b. H., Berlin, Universal-Edition, Vienna. To these I tender my hearty thanks.

OSSIP SCHNIRLIN

ПРЕДИСЛОВІЕ КЪ ИЗУЧЕНІЮ КАМЕРНОЙ МУЗЫКИ.

Овладѣть техникой обширной литературы по камерной музыкѣ возможно лишь при специальномъ изученіи ея. Между тѣмъ до настоящаго времени планомѣрное изученіе этой литературы было значительно затруднено отсутствіемъ систематически собраннаго матеріала. Назначеніе предлагаемаго сборника заключается въ заполненіи этого пробела. Въ сборникѣ собраны и расположены въ хронологическомъ порядкѣ всѣ технически трудныя мѣста болѣе цѣнной литературы для I и II скрипки и для I и II альты.

Сборникъ предназначенъ какъ для мастеровъ нашего искусства и учениковъ, такъ и для любителей, играющихъ камерную музыку. Пользуясь сборникомъ, скрипачъ-художникъ всегда будетъ имѣть подъ руками всѣ представляющіяся технически сложными мѣста литературы. Ученику будетъ дана возможность совершенно новой сознательной работы; не стоитъ указывать на большую разницу между техникой виртуоза и техникой камерной музыки. Пользуясь предлагаемымъ матеріаломъ учащіеся смогутъ познакомиться со всѣми сложными и солистическими мѣстами въ произведеніяхъ классическихъ и новѣйшихъ (также и живущихъ въ наше время) композиторовъ. Любителю наконецъ сборникъ даетъ возможность ориентироваться въ тѣхъ техническихъ трудностяхъ, которыя содержатъ различныя композиціи и знать, въ состояніи ли онъ вообще участвовать въ томъ или иномъ квартетѣ.

Соотвѣтствующій матеріалъ для виолончелли будетъ собранъ специалистомъ.

Подобно первой части моего труда (концертная музыка) настоящая вторая часть будетъ дополняться.

Этотъ второй, предназначенный только для первой скрипки, томъ раздѣленъ на двѣ части, изъ которыхъ первая содержитъ только скрипичную музыку (отъ дуэта до октета); вторая часть посвящена камерной музыкѣ (отъ сонаты до квинтета съ роялемъ). Означенный матеріалъ дополненъ отдѣльными мѣстами изъ ораторій, симфоній и т. п. Второй скрипкѣ посвященъ особый томъ, соединяющій камерную музыку съ роялемъ и безъ него; точно также отдѣленъ и четвертый томъ для альты.

Предлагаемый трудъ могъ быть законченъ только при любезномъ содѣйствіи издателей (Bote & Bock и др.). Считаю пріятнымъ долгомъ выразить имъ искреннюю благодарность.

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VIOLINO I

I DUOS

OSSIP SCHNIRLIN

Der Neue Weg, Band II

1 Mozart: Duo (Violino, Viola) No. 1 *G-Sol-G* (Köchel 423)

Allegro

Für den ganzen Band:

Die Angabe **[solo]** beflagt, daß die erste Violine an der betreffenden Stelle ganz allein spielt, während bei den mit solo (ohne Umrahmung) bezeichneten Stellen andere Instrumente mitgehen.

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Pour le volume complet:

Le signe **[solo]** indique que le premier Violon joue tout seul le passage dont il s'agit, dans le passage où l'indication solo n'est pas encadrée, d'autres instruments l'accompagnent.

31018

For the whole volume:

The indication **[solo]** means that Violin I plays the passage alone, while all other solo passages, without the square, are played with other instruments.

Musical score for I. DUOS, page 4. The score consists of ten staves of music in G major (one sharp). It features various musical notations including notes, rests, slurs, and fingerings. Dynamic markings include *dolce*, *p*, *f*, *mf*, and *cresc.* There are also section markers labeled **D**, **E**, and **F**. The music includes complex passages with triplets, sixteenth notes, and slurs.

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in G major (one sharp). It consists of ten staves, each containing a different exercise or section. The exercises are labeled with letters in boxes: G, H, I, K, L, and M. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *cresc.* (crescendo), and *sf* (sforzando). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 above notes. Some staves include slurs, ties, and specific articulation marks like 'V' (accents) and 'gr' (grace notes). Exercise G starts with a *p* dynamic and includes a 4-measure phrase. Exercise H starts with a *p* dynamic, includes a *cresc.* marking, and ends with a *f* dynamic. Exercise I starts with a *f* dynamic and includes a *p* dynamic. Exercise K starts with a *f* dynamic and includes a *p* dynamic. Exercise L starts with a *sf* dynamic and includes a *sf* dynamic. Exercise M starts with a *p* dynamic and includes a *cresc.* marking and a *f* dynamic. The score is a technical study for the left hand, focusing on finger independence, slurs, and dynamics.

Musical score for I. DUOS, page 6. The score consists of ten staves of music in G major. The first staff is marked *dolce* and contains a box labeled 'N'. The second staff has a box labeled 'O'. The third staff has a box labeled 'P'. The fourth staff is marked *f* and contains a box labeled 'O'. The fifth staff is marked *mf* and contains a box labeled 'P'. The sixth staff is marked *sf* and contains a box labeled 'P'. The seventh staff is marked *p* and contains a box labeled 'P'. The eighth staff is marked *f* and contains a box labeled 'P'. The ninth staff is marked *p* and contains a box labeled 'P'. The tenth staff is marked *dolce* and contains a box labeled 'P'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings.

3
0 1 2 2
A
f p
cresc.
p
B1
1 3 1 1 1
(2 3 2)
dim.
C
D
3 dolce 2 2 4 3 0 4
(3) G.....(3)
cresc.
D
f dolce
4 2 1 2 0 3 V
1 3 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3
p dim. pp

RONDO
Allegro

p dolce

f

(p) *f*

p *sempre f*

f *p* *f* *p*

cresc. *f*

p *f*

(f) *(p)* *f*

p *cresc.*

f

B Viola

C

4) *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *dolce* *f* *(p)* *(4)* *f* *(A)* *p dolce* *(0)* *f* *p(A)* *f* *p* *(A)* *(F)*

4 3 1 2 1 0 1 4 2 1 3

f *dolce* 0 2 1 1 1 0 3

f 3 *sf* 3 *sf* *p* 0

cresc. *f* *p dim.* 1 1

G 1 2 0 1 0
(D) *p dolce*

f 4

(p) (f) *p*

H 1 2 *f* 7

2 3 *f* (p)

f *p* 3 3

This page of musical notation is for a violin and viola piece, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a tempo marking of 'f' (forte). The first staff contains a series of eighth notes, with a '3' indicating a triplet. The second staff continues the melody, with a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The third staff features a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The fourth staff includes a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The fifth staff features a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The sixth staff includes a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The seventh staff features a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The eighth staff includes a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The ninth staff features a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The tenth staff includes a '3' indicating a triplet and a '0' indicating a natural. The notation is written in a standard musical notation style, with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The dynamic markings include 'f' (forte), 'p' (piano), 'cresc.' (crescendo), 'dim.' (diminuendo), and 'dolce' (dolce). The notation is written in a standard musical notation style, with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

2 **Mozart: Duo (Violino, Viola) No. 2** *B–Si $\flat$ –B $\flat$* (Köchel 424)

Adagio

f *dolce* *cresc.* *f* *mf* *dim.* *p*

Allegro

p *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

p *f*

dim. *p*

cresc. *f*

p *pp* *dolce* *f*

sf *sfz* *sfz cresc.*

f *p* *f* *p*

cresc. *f* *sf* *Vla.* *sf* *Vla.* *p*

cresc. *f* *sf* *Vla.* *p*

cresc. *f* *calando* *dim.*

[F] a tempo
dolce

[G]
f *p*

[H]
p *f* *dolce*

[I]
p *cresc.* *f*

[K]
p

A..... E

dim. *pp*

f *sf* G. P. *p*

pp *f*

Andante cantabile

dolce

fz

cresc.

Viola

poco rit.

p *mf* *f*

Var. 2

Viola

f

p

f

p

Var. 3

p leggiero

f

mf

f

Var. 4

f

sempre f

tr

1.

2.

Var. 5

dolce *mf*

p *mf cresc.* *dim.*

f *p*

Var. 6 Allegretto

p scherzando *f*

p *cresc.* *p*

mf *p* *cresc.*

1. *2.* *A* *mf* *A* *cresc.*

f *rit.* *Allegro* *p*

f *p*

f *pp* *f*

Musical score for II. TRIOS, page 20. The score consists of 11 staves of music in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It features various musical notations including dynamics (*p*, *f*, *cresc.*, *dim.*), articulation (accents, slurs), and fingerings. Chord symbols **D**, **E**, **F**, and **G** are placed above specific measures. The piece concludes with a final measure on the 11th staff.

This page of musical notation contains 12 staves of music. The notation is complex, featuring many slurs, ties, and fingerings. The piece is in 3/4 time and features several key signature changes. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and dynamic markings (p, f, sf, cresc., dim.). The piece concludes with a final cadence.

Musical score for II. TRIOS, page 22. The score consists of ten staves of music in G-flat major (three flats). It features various musical notations including dynamics (*p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *rf*, *dim.*, *pp*), articulation (accents, slurs), and fingerings. Section markers D, E, F, G, and H are placed at the beginning of specific staves. The music includes complex rhythmic patterns, triplets, and sixteenth-note runs.

Dynamics: *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *rf*, *dim.*, *pp*.
 Section markers: D, E, F, G, H.
 Fingerings: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

MENUETTO
Allegretto

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in B-flat major, 3/4 time. It begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes several trills and slurs. The dynamics fluctuate between *f* and *p*. A section marked 'cresc.' leads to a forte passage, followed by a piano section. A first ending is indicated by a bracketed 'A'. The score includes various fingerings and slurs throughout. A 'solo' section for 'Trio 2' begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a mezzo-forte (*mf*) section. The piece concludes with a 'Fine' marking and a 'Menuetto da Capo' instruction.

Andante

The musical score is written for a piano trios ensemble. It begins with a tempo marking of **Andante**. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is composed of 12 staves. The first staff starts with a **p** (piano) dynamic and includes a triplet of eighth notes. The second staff continues with a **pp** (pianissimo) dynamic. The third staff features a section labeled **A** in a box. The fourth staff has a **pp** dynamic. The fifth staff includes a section labeled **B** in a box and a **p dolce** (piano dolce) marking. The sixth staff has a **f** (forte) dynamic. The seventh staff has a **p** dynamic. The eighth staff includes a section labeled **C** in a box. The ninth staff has a **f** dynamic. The tenth staff includes a section labeled **D** in a box and a **p** dynamic. The eleventh staff has a **p** dynamic. The twelfth staff has a **f** dynamic. The score includes various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings. The piece concludes with a **f** dynamic.

Musical score for II. TRIOS, page 25. The score consists of ten staves of music in a single system. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The music features various dynamics (*p*, *f*, *pp*), articulations (trills, slurs), and fingerings (3, 2, 4, 4). Chord symbols E, F, G, and H are placed above the staves. The piece concludes with a "Minore" section and a final key signature change to three flats (B-flat, E-flat, and A-flat).

Maggiore

f

segue

sf *dim.* *p*

sfp *p* *mf* *mf* *pp*

MENUETTO
Allegretto

p *sfp* *sfp*

p

First system of musical notation. The top staff contains several measures with notes marked with a 'V' and fingerings (1, 2). Dynamics include *mf p* and *p*. The bottom staff continues the melody with similar dynamics and includes a 'G. P.' marking.

Section labeled 'Trio I'. The top staff begins with a repeat sign and a *p* dynamic, followed by a 'solo' marking. The bottom staff features a *p cresc.* marking, followed by *mf p* and *mf p* dynamics. The section concludes with a *Menuetto da Capo* marking.

Section labeled 'Trio II'. The top staff starts with a *p* dynamic and includes a trill (*tr*). The bottom staff features a *f* dynamic, followed by *dolce* and *dim.* markings, and ends with a *pp* dynamic. The section concludes with a *Menuetto da Capo* marking.

Section labeled 'Coda'. The top staff begins with a 'Viola' marking and a *p* dynamic. The bottom staff includes a 'solo' marking, followed by *f*, *p*, *f*, and *p* dynamics. The section concludes with a final chord.

Allegro

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with the tempo marking **Allegro** and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. Fingerings (1-4) and slurs are used throughout. The second staff includes a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The third staff has a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic and a section marker **A**. The fourth staff continues with *pp* and *A*. The fifth staff starts with a boxed **A**, followed by a *p* dynamic, then a *f* (forte) dynamic, and ends with a *p* dynamic. The sixth staff begins with a *f* dynamic. The seventh staff has a *f* dynamic. The eighth staff starts with a *(mf)* (mezzo-forte) dynamic, followed by a *(p)* (piano) dynamic. The ninth staff includes a *p* dynamic, a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking, and a *dolce* (dolce) marking. The tenth staff ends with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The key signature changes from B-flat major to C major in the final staff.

Section C: *f* (trill), *p* (trill), *f* (trill), *p* (trill), *f* (trill).

Section D: *p* (trill), *dolce* (trill), *f* (trill), *p* (trill), *f* (trill).

Section E: *p* (trill), *f* (trill), *p* (trill), *f* (trill), *p* (trill).

Section F: *p* (trill), *f* (trill), *p* (trill), *f* (trill), *p* (trill).

Section G: *p* (trill), *cresc.* (trill), *f* (trill), *p* (trill), *cresc.* (trill), *f* (trill), *p* (trill).

Musical score for II. TRIOS, page 30. The score consists of ten staves of music in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It features various musical notations including dynamics (*f*, *p*, *cresc.*, *dim.*, *dolce*), articulation (accents, slurs), and performance instructions (H, I, K, L). The music includes complex rhythmic patterns, triplets, and trills.

Staff 1: Marked with **H**. Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 2: Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 3: Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 4: Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 5: Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 6: Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 7: Marked with **I**. Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 8: Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 9: Marked with **K**. Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

Staff 10: Marked with **L**. Features a melodic line with slurs and a final triplet of eighth notes.

2 1 2

4 3 M solo 2 3 4 0

calando p

4 2

A

1 2 4 2 A

dim. pp A

2 O f

p A f

p

ff

4 Beethoven: Trio (Violino, Viola, Violoncello) *Es-Mib-Eb* Op. 3

2. Menuetto (Minore)

Moderato

p (2) *sf* *sf* *sf*

p *sf* *sf* *sf*

p *p decresc.*

pp *p decresc.*

5 Beethoven: Trio (Violino, Viola, Violoncello) *c-ut-c* Op. 9 No. 3

1. SATZ

Allegro con spirito

(p) cresc. *ff*

2. SATZ

Adagio con espressione

p *(Rhythm!)* *pp* *fp*

3. SATZ (Scherzo)
Allegro molto e vivace

A) *sf* *p* *f*

B) *f*

FINALE
Presto

A) *p* *solo* *p* *solo* *p*

B) *sf* *p* *solo* *sf*

[illegible]

7 Dvořák: Terzetto (2 Violini, Viola) C-Ut-C Op. 74^{*)}

1. SATZ (Introduzione)

Allegro ma non troppo

A) *fz* *fz* *fz* *cresc.*

B) *pp* *cresc.* *cresc.* (4 4 2 4)

C) *cresc.*

2. SATZ

Larghetto

pp *mf* *p dim.* *pp* *morendo* *ppp*

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Vivace

A) *f* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *mp* (Rhythm)

mus! *pp* *fz*

LETZTER SATZ (Tema con Variazioni)

Molto allegro

A) *ff* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *ff*

B) *f* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz*

C) *ff*

ff *fz* *fz* *fz*

ff *ff* *ff*

8 Reger: Serenata (Flauto, Violino, Viola) D-Re-D Op.77a^{*}

1. SATZ

Allegro (♩=108-116)

A) *ff* *p* *f*

p *cresc.* *f*

B) *ff* *p*

2. SATZ

Andante semplice con variazioni (♩=92)

A) *p* *espress.* *molto* *p*

f *mp* *f*

p *f* *p*

f *ff* *p* *mf*

pp *mf* *pp* *f* *p* *f*

ff *p* *poco rit.*

LETZTER SATZ

Presto (♩=138-144)

p *p*

9 Reger: Trio (Violino, Viola, Violoncello) a-la-a Op. 77^b *)

1. SATZ

Allegro agitato (♩=176)

A) 1. *f e cresc.* *ff*

B) 1 *p* *p* *p* *pp* *pp*

C) 2 *cresc.* *ff* *agitato*

2. SATZ

Larghetto (♩=54)

A) G *p* *espr.* *poco a poco stringendo* *cresc.* *ff* *ff* *poco a poco rit.*

B) 1 *p* *espress.*

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Vivace (♩=96-102)

f *sempre f* *mp* *p* *f* *p*

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro con moto (♩=168-176)

A) 1 *p (non cresc.)* *sf* *sf*

B) 1 *ff* *sempre ff* *ffz (non dim.)* *p*

10 Lendvai: Trio (Violino, Viola, Violoncello) a-la-a Op.16 *

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato (♩=80)

A) *p* *poco f*

B) arco *legatissimo* *pp sempre*

C) *p* *cresc.* *f* *decrec.* *solo*

D) *f* *(poco string.)* *non legato* *ff* *ten.* *(ten.)* *sfz*

LETZTER SATZ

Poco allegro (♩=120)

mp *cresc.*

p subito *cresc.* *f*

dim. *p*

III QUARTETTE

(2 Violini, Viola, Violoncello)

11 Haydn: Quartett G-Sol-G Op. 17 No. 5 (Peters 5)

A) 1. SATZ Moderato

FINALE Presto

12 Haydn: Quartett G-Sol-G Op. 54 No. 1 (Peters 19)

1. SATZ Allegro con brio

2. SATZ Allegretto

Presto

Presto

ff *sf* *sf* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *pp*

1. SATZ

Vivace

3. SATZ (Menuetto)
Allegretto

f

cresc.

f

p

tr

p

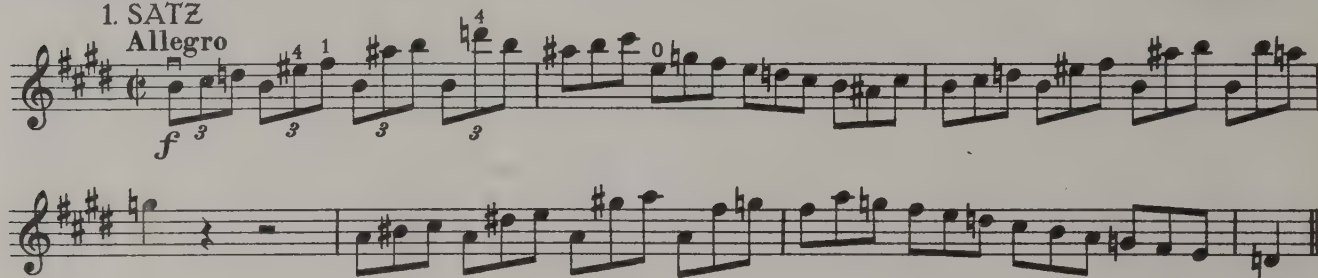
cresc.

f

f

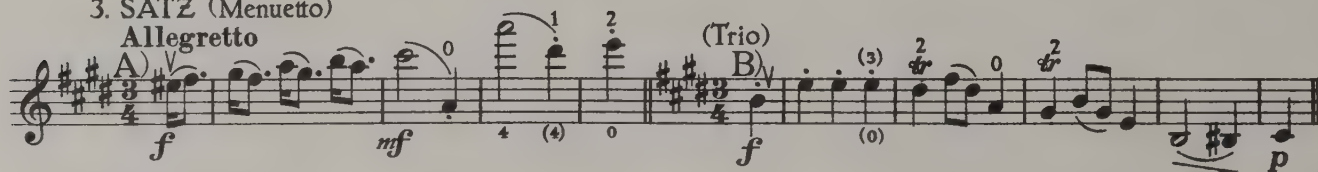
14 Haydn: Quartett *E-Mi-E* Op. 54 No. 3 (Peters 21)

1. SATZ
Allegro



3. SATZ (Menuetto)

Allegretto



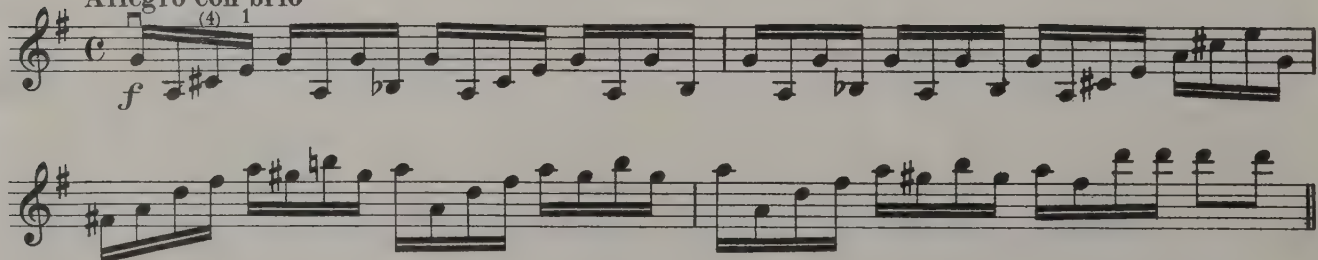
FINALE

Presto



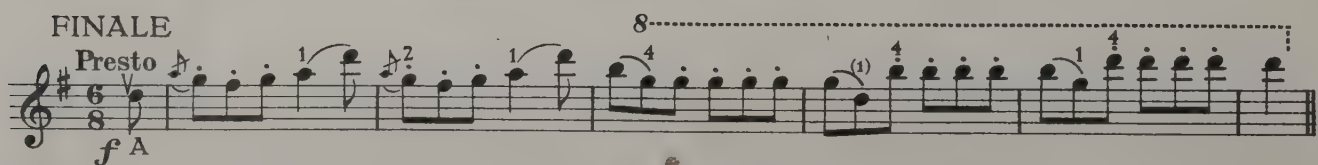
15 Haydn: Quartett *G-Sol-G* Op. 64 No. 4 (Peters 34)

1. SATZ
Allegro con brio



FINALE

Presto



16 Haydn: Quartett D-Re-D Op. 64 No. 5 (Peters 35)

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato

A) *dolce* *mf* *cresc.* *f* *f*

B) *mf* *f*

C) *f* *f*

FINALE

A) Vivace *)

p leggiero *p* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *ff* *p* *f*

B) *p* *cresc.* *dim.* *p* *ff* *p* *f*

*) Im 1. Band enthalten: Spiccato [15]

*) Voir aussi Vol. I: Spiccato [15]

*) Also in Vol. I see: Spiccato [15]

17 Haydn: Quartett *Es - Mi $\flat$ - Eb* Op. 64 No. 6 (Peters 36)

1. SATZ
A) Allegretto

2. SATZ
Andante

3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)

Allegretto

FINALE

Presto

C)

ff

[18] Haydn: Quartett C-Ut-C Op. 74 No. 1 (Peters 28)

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato

A)

f *p* *f*

A (A) (E)

B)

f

[19] Haydn: Quartett F-Fa-F Op. 74 No. 2 (Peters 29)

1. SATZ

Allegro spiritoso

A)

f

B)

(A1 4 2 4)

p

FINALE

Presto

A)

p *f*

B)

f *sempre cresc.*

C)

ff *f*

A

[20] Haydn: Quartett *g-sol-g* Op. 74 No. 3 (Peters 30)

1. SATZ

Allegro

FINALE

A) *Allegro con brio*

[21] Haydn: Quartett *G-Sol-G* Op. 76 No. 1 (Peters 40)

2. SATZ

Adagio sostenuto

FINALE

A) *Allegro ma non troppo*

[22] Haydn: Quartett *d-re-d* Op. 76 No. 2 (Peters 41)

1. SATZ

A) *Allegro*

[illegible]

3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)
Allegro ma non troppo

3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)
Allegro ma non troppo

A) *ff* *p*

B) *ff* *p*

FINALE

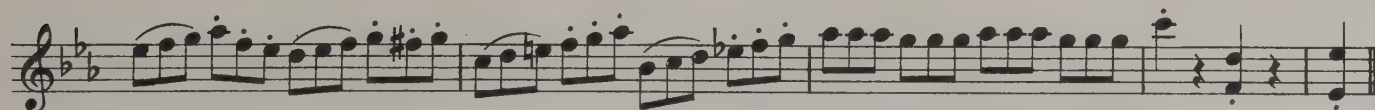
Vivace assai

FINALE
A) **Vivace assai**

B) *sempre f*

C) *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

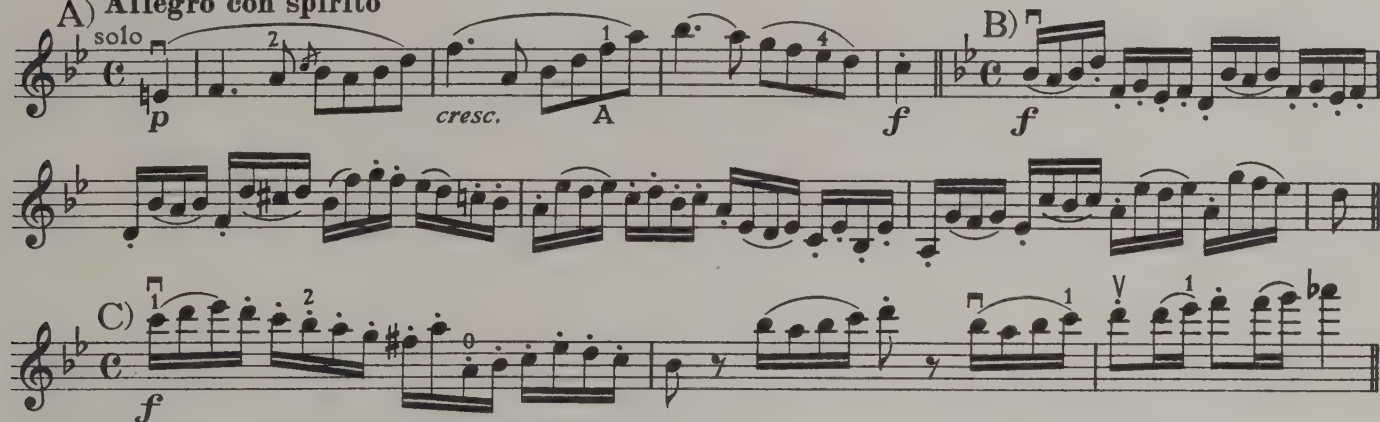
D) *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*



[24] Haydn: Quartett B-Sib-Bb Op. 76 No. 4 (Peters 49)

1. SATZ

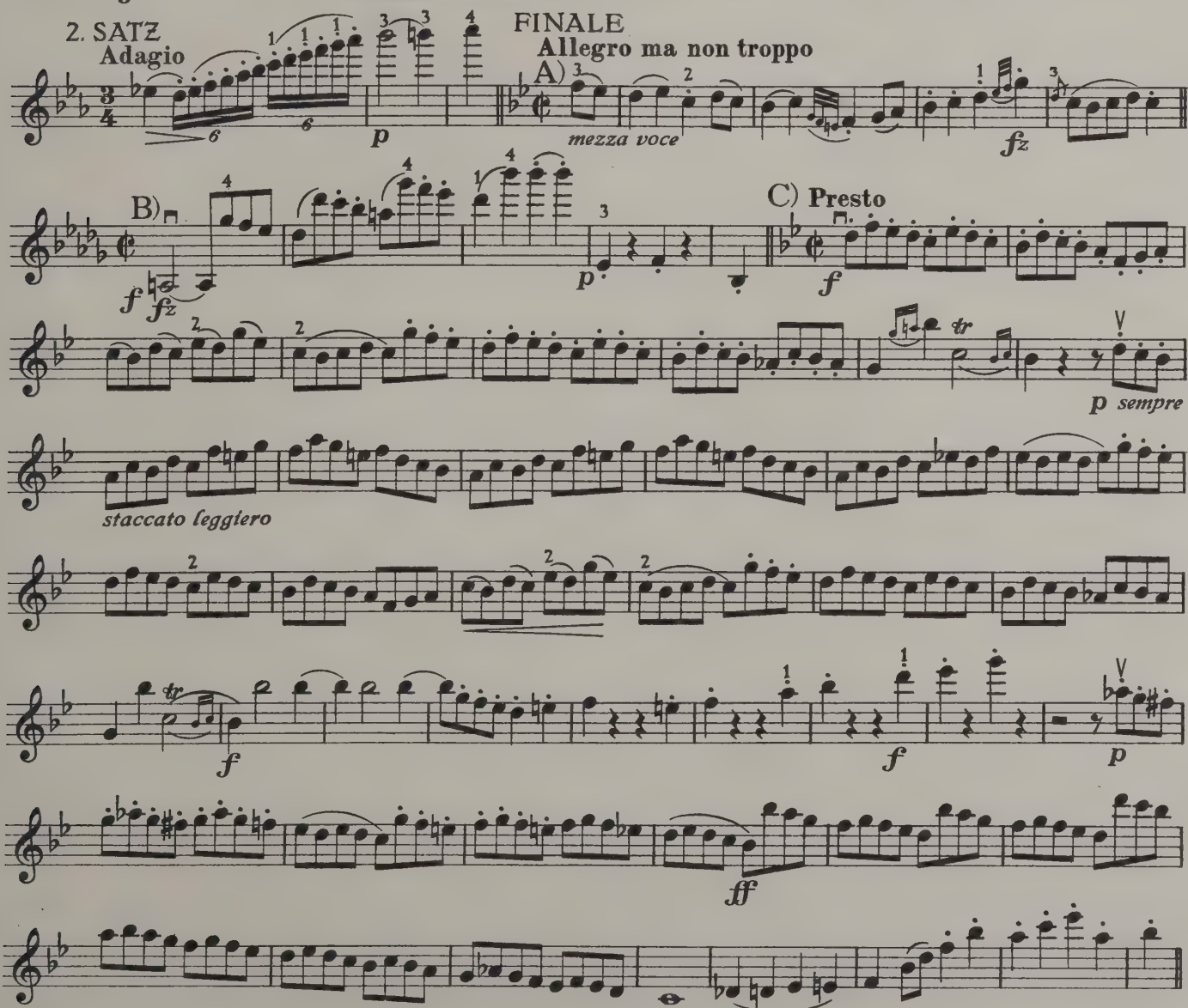
A) Allegro con spirito



2. SATZ
Adagio

FINALE

Allegro ma non troppo



[25] Haydn: Quartett D-Re-D Op. 76 No. 5 (Peters 50)

1. SATZ

Allegretto

A) *mf* *p* *mf* *cresc.*

f *p* *dolce* *fz*

Allegro
C) *f* *cresc.* A A (o)

FINALE
Presto
A) *p* *f* *cresc.*

f *cresc.*

26 Haydn: Quartett *G-Sol-G* Op. 77 No. 1 (Peters 13)

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato

A) *f* *p mezza voce* B) *f*

3. SATZ (Menuetto)

Presto

A) *f* B) *f*

FINALE

Vivace

The musical score is written for a quartet in G major, 2/4 time, with a tempo of Vivace. It consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 2/4 time signature. The first measure is marked with a forte *f* dynamic and a fingering of 7. The second measure is marked with a piano *p* dynamic. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 above the notes. The score includes several dynamic markings: *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). The piece is divided into sections labeled A, B, C, and D. Section A is the main theme, which is repeated with variations. Section B is a contrasting section with a different rhythmic pattern. Section C is a short, energetic passage. Section D is a final, powerful statement of the main theme. The score concludes with a double bar line and a final chord.

Staff 1: *f* 7 *p*

Staff 2: *f*

Staff 3: *f*

Staff 4: *f*

Staff 5: *f*

Staff 6: *f*

Staff 7: *f*

Staff 8: *f* A *p* A *f* A

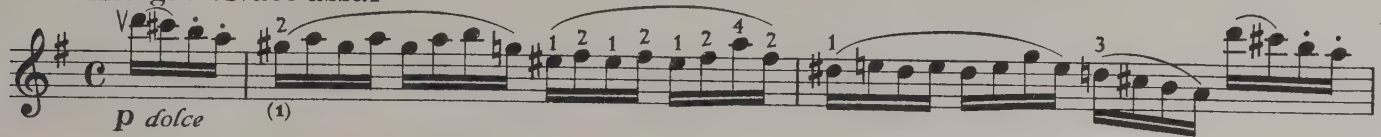
Staff 9: *f* A E

Staff 10: *f* D

27 Mozart: Quartett *G - Sol - G* (Peters 12 - Köchel 387)

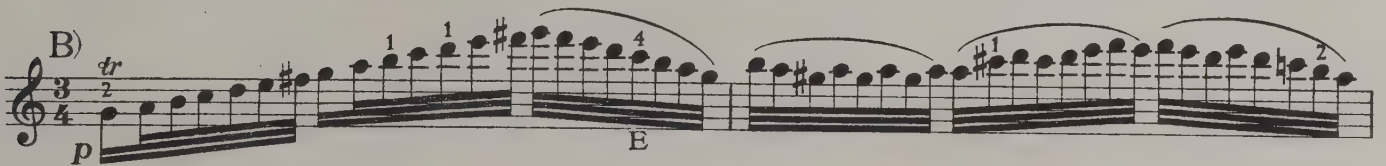
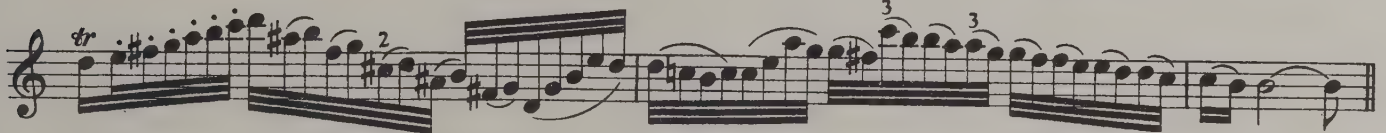
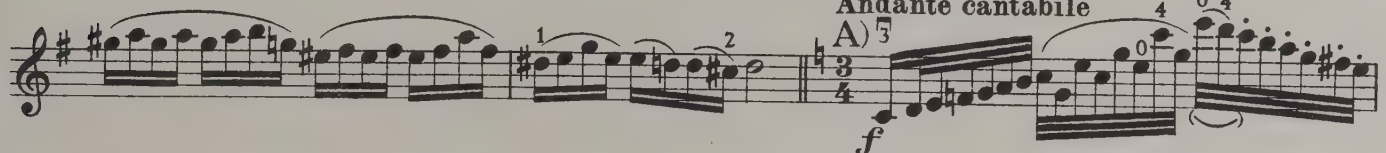
1. SATZ

Allegro vivace assai



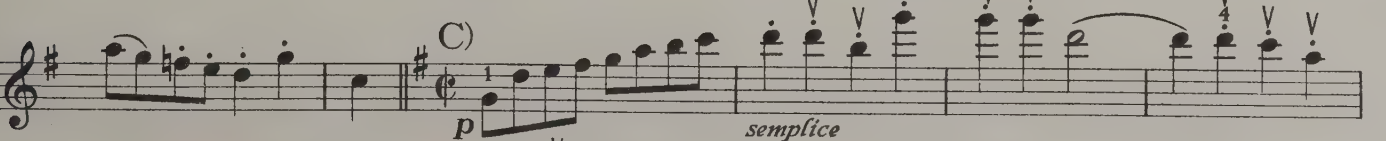
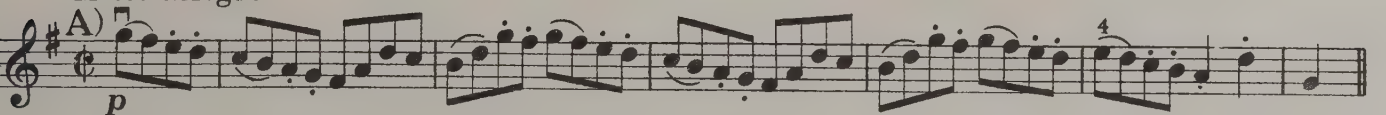
3. SATZ

Andante cantabile



LETZTER SATZ

Molto allegro



[28] Mozart: Quartett *d-re-d* (Peters 13 – Köchel 421)

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato

A) *sotto voce* *f*

B) *p* *f*

C) *p*

2. SATZ

Andante

p

3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)

Allegretto

sempre p

A

E

LETZTER SATZ

Allegretto ma non troppo

p

[29] Mozart: Quartett *Es-Mib-Eb* (Peters 14 – Köchel 428)

1. SATZ

Allegro ma non troppo

A) *p* *f*

B) *solo*

D..... G.....

First section of the quartet, featuring three staves. The music includes various dynamics such as *p* (piano), *f* (forte), and *A* (accrescendo), along with articulation marks like *V* (vibrato) and fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4). The notation includes slurs, ties, and a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking.

2. SATZ
Andante con moto

Second section, starting with a key signature change to B-flat major and a time signature change to 6/8. The music includes dynamics such as *p*, *f*, and *A*, along with fingerings.

LETZTER SATZ

A) Allegro vivace

Third section, starting with a key signature change to B-flat major and a time signature change to 2/4. The music includes dynamics such as *f* (forte) and *p* (piano), along with fingerings.

Continuation of the third section, featuring dynamics like *f* and fingerings.

Continuation of the third section, featuring dynamics like *p* and fingerings.

Continuation of the third section, featuring dynamics like *f* and fingerings.

Continuation of the third section, featuring dynamics like *f*, *p*, and *A*, along with fingerings.

Continuation of the third section, featuring dynamics like *f* and fingerings.

Conclusion of the third section, featuring various musical notations.

[30] Mozart: Quartett B - Si $\flat$ - B $\flat$ (Peters 15 - Köchel 458)

1. SATZ

Allegro vivace assai

2. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)

Moderato

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro assai

[31] Mozart: Quartett A - La - A (Peters 16 - Köchel 464)

1. SATZ

Allegro

Three staves of music. The first staff contains measures 1-12. It features various fingering techniques (V, C, 3, 1) and dynamics (p, f, p). The second staff continues the melody with a crescendo and f. The third staff concludes the section with a p.

3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)

Three staves of music for the 3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio). The first staff (measures 1-12) includes a 3/4 time signature and dynamics f, p, and f. The second staff (measures 13-24) is marked 'calando' and 'cresc.' with dynamics p, f, and a 'solo' section. The third staff (measures 25-36) is marked 'decresc.' and 'fp'. The fourth staff (measures 37-48) has a 'solo' section and dynamics p and f. The fifth staff (measures 49-60) ends with a p.

LETZTER SATZ
Allegro non troppo

Three staves of music for the LETZTER SATZ (Allegro non troppo). The first staff (measures 1-12) includes a 3/4 time signature and dynamics f, p, and f. The second staff (measures 13-24) is marked 'calando' and 'cresc.' with dynamics p, f, and a 'solo' section. The third staff (measures 25-36) is marked 'decresc.' and 'fp'. The fourth staff (measures 37-48) has a 'solo' section and dynamics p and f. The fifth staff (measures 49-60) ends with a p.

[32] Mozart: Quartett. C-Ut-C (Peters 17 ~ Köchel 465)

Two staves of music for Mozart's Quartett. C-Ut-C. The first staff (measures 1-12) is marked 'Allegro' and 'f'. The second staff (measures 13-24) is marked 'p' and 'f'. The third staff (measures 25-36) has a 'tr' (trill) marking.

C) *f*

p A *tr*

f

p *tr*

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro molto

A) *p* (*pp*)

p *sf* *p* *sf* *p* *p* (*pp*)

sf *p* *sf*

p *sf* *p* *sf* *p* *sf* *p* *sf* *p*

[33] Mozart: Quartett D-Re-D (Peters 18 – Köchel 499)

2. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)

Allegretto

First system: Treble clef, 3/4 time. Measures 1-4: *f* (forte), *p* (piano), triplets, trills. Second system: Measures 5-8: *f*, *p*, triplets, trills.

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro

First system: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Measures 1-4: *cresc.* (crescendo), *f* (forte). Measures 5-8: *p* (piano), trills, triplets. Second system: Measures 9-12: *so* (solo), *G. P.* (Grave Piano). Third system: Measures 13-16: *so*, *G. P.*, *so*. Fourth system: Measures 17-20: *f*, *p*. Fifth system: Measures 21-24: *f*, *p*, trills, triplets.

[34] Mozart: Quartett D-Re-D (Peters 21 – Köchel 575)

1. SATZ

Allegretto

First system: Treble clef, 3/4 time. Measures 1-4: *A sotto voce* (A sotto voce), trills, triplets. Measures 5-8: *so* (solo mit Viola...), trills, triplets. Second system: Measures 9-12: *f* (forte), trills, triplets. Third system: Measures 13-16: *f*, trills, triplets.

The image displays a musical score for a piano piece, likely a waltz, in B-flat major and 3/4 time. The score is written on four staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat major), and a 3/4 time signature. It features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a triplet of eighth notes marked with a '3' and a slur. The second staff continues the melody, including a section marked '(V)' and another marked '(C)' with a 3/4 time signature. The third staff shows a section marked '(D)' with a 3/4 time signature. The fourth staff concludes the piece with a double bar line. The score includes various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings like *sf*, *f*, and *p*.

2. SATZ

Larghetto

The image displays a musical score for a piece by Z. SARTZ, marked "Larghetto". The score is written on five systems of musical notation, each featuring a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The time signature is 4/4.

The score is divided into five systems, each labeled with a letter (A, B, C, D, E) in the upper left corner of the system. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

- System A:** Starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes and quarter notes, with some notes beamed together. There are fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and a breath mark (V) indicated.
- System B:** Continues the melodic line. It includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking and a breath mark (V). The notation shows a mix of eighth and quarter notes.
- System C:** Features a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. It includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking and a breath mark (V). The notation shows a mix of eighth and quarter notes.
- System D:** Features a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. It includes a forte (*f*) dynamic marking and a breath mark (V). The notation shows a mix of eighth and quarter notes.
- System E:** Features a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. It includes a forte (*f*) dynamic marking and a breath mark (V). The notation shows a mix of eighth and quarter notes.

The score is a single-page extract from a larger work, as indicated by the page number "23" in the bottom right corner.

3. SATZ (Menuetto)

Moderato

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in three systems, each on a single staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The first system begins with a treble clef, a key signature change to one flat, and a 3/4 time signature. It includes a repeat sign with first and second endings. The second system continues the melody with various dynamics and articulations. The third system concludes the piece with a final cadence. The score is written in a clear, legible font, with notes, rests, and dynamic markings (f, p) clearly visible.

3. SATZ (Menuetto)

Allegretto

f *p*

cresc. *f*

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro

p

f *p*

cresc.

f *(m)p*

(p)

f

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in 2/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The score is divided into several sections, some labeled with letters and others with numbers in parentheses.

Section E: The first staff is marked *p* (piano) and features a series of eighth-note runs. The second staff is marked *f* (forte) and continues the melodic development. The third staff is marked *p* and includes a *V* (accusato) marking. The fourth staff continues the melodic line.

Section F: The fifth staff is marked *p* and includes a *V* marking. The sixth staff is marked *f* and includes a *V* marking. The seventh staff is marked *p* and includes a *V* marking. The eighth staff is marked *cresc.* (crescendo) and includes a *f* marking. The ninth staff is marked *E* and includes a *(4)* marking. The tenth staff is marked *(m)p* (mezzo-piano) and includes a *tr* (trill) marking. The eleventh staff is marked *(pp)* (pianissimo) and includes a *tr* marking.

The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (*p*, *f*, *cresc.*, *tr*), articulation (*V*), and fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4). The time signature is 2/4 throughout.

37 Beethoven: Quartett No.1 F - Fa - F Op. 18 No. 1

1. SATZ

A) Allegro con brio

Musical score for the first movement of Beethoven's Quartet No. 1, Op. 18 No. 1. The score is in 3/4 time and F major. It consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second staff starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The third staff has a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The fourth staff has a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The piece concludes with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic.

2. SATZ

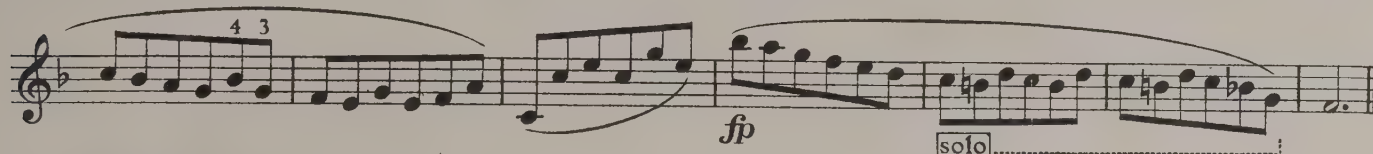
Adagio affettuoso ed appassionato

Musical score for the second movement of Beethoven's Quartet No. 1, Op. 18 No. 1. The score is in 9/8 time and F major. It consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a solo marking. The second staff has a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The third staff has a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a forte (*ff*) dynamic marking. The fourth staff has a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The piece concludes with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

3. SATZ (Scherzo-Trio)

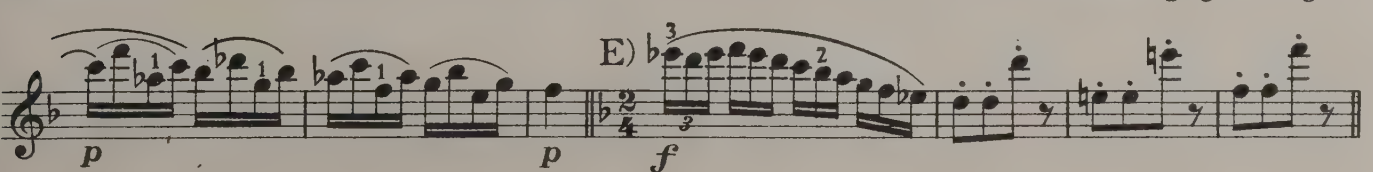
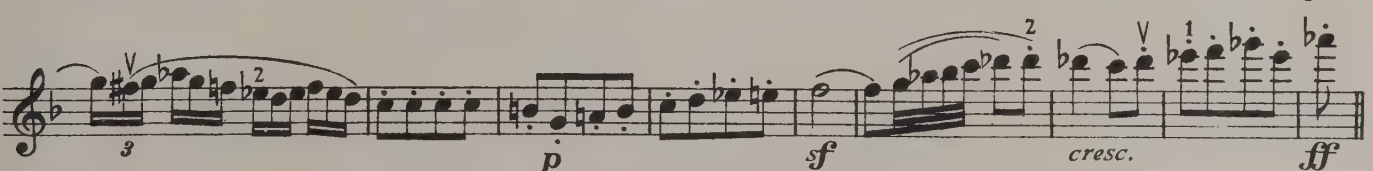
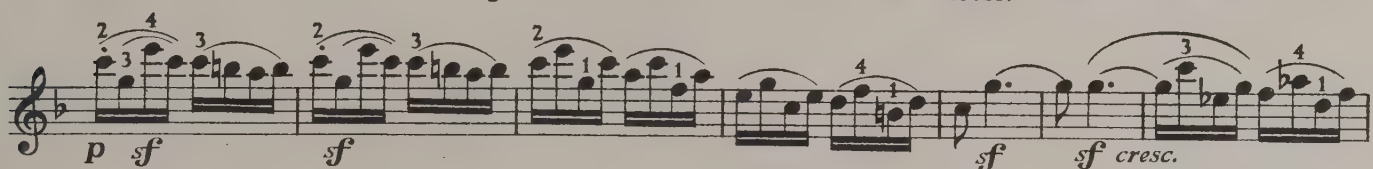
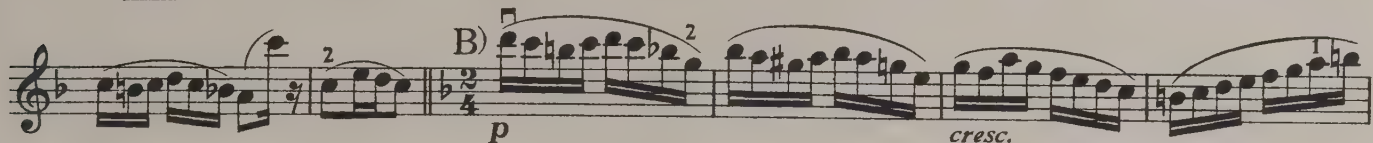
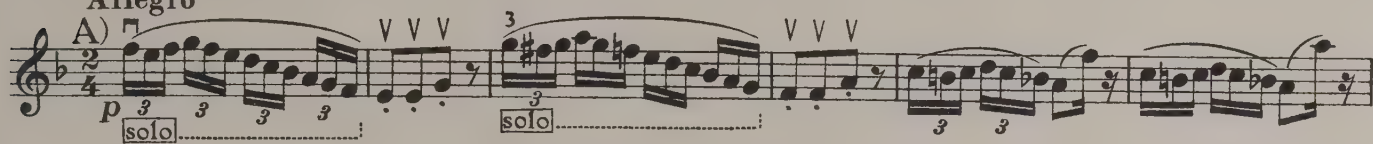
Allegro molto

Musical score for the third movement of Beethoven's Quartet No. 1, Op. 18 No. 1. The score is in 3/4 time and F major. It consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a forte (*sf*) dynamic marking. The second staff has a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a forte (*sf*) dynamic marking. The third staff has a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a forte (*sf*) dynamic marking. The fourth staff has a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a forte (*sf*) dynamic marking. The piece concludes with a forte (*sf*) dynamic.



LETZTER SATZ

Allegro



38 Beethoven: Quartett No. 2 G - Sol - G Op. 18 No. 2

1. SATZ Allegro

Musical score for the first movement (1. SATZ) of Beethoven's Quartet No. 2, Op. 18 No. 2. The score is in G major, 2/4 time, and consists of 12 staves. It begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and features various musical notations including slurs, ties, and fingerings. Key markings include "A)", "B)", "C)", and "D)" indicating specific sections. Dynamics range from piano (*p*) to fortissimo (*ff*). The movement concludes with a "cresc." marking and a final measure marked "V".

2. SATZ Allegro

Musical score for the second movement (2. SATZ) of Beethoven's Quartet No. 2, Op. 18 No. 2. The score is in G major, 2/4 time, and consists of 2 staves. It begins with a piano (*pp*) dynamic and features various musical notations including slurs, ties, and fingerings. Key markings include "A)" and "solo". Dynamics range from piano (*pp*) to fortissimo (*f*). The movement concludes with a final measure marked "V".

Adagio cantabile

Musical score for the third movement (3. SATZ) of Beethoven's Quartet No. 2, Op. 18 No. 2. The score is in G major, 3/4 time, and consists of 1 staff. It begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and features various musical notations including slurs, ties, and fingerings. Key markings include "B)", "V", and "solo". Dynamics range from piano (*p*) to fortissimo (*f*). The movement concludes with a final measure marked "V".

3. SATZ (Scherzo) Allegro

Musical score for the fourth movement (3. SATZ (Scherzo)) of Beethoven's Quartet No. 2, Op. 18 No. 2. The score is in G major, 3/4 time, and consists of 1 staff. It begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and features various musical notations including slurs, ties, and fingerings. Key markings include "A)", "V", and "solo". Dynamics range from piano (*p*) to fortissimo (*f*). The movement concludes with a final measure marked "V".

Musical score for the first section of the quartet, featuring five staves of music. The notation includes various dynamics such as *fp*, *f*, *decresc.*, *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *p*, *pp*, and *cresc.*. There are also articulations like *tr* (trills) and *so* (soli). The score is marked with *B)* and *C)* for different parts, and includes a *(Trio)* section. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4.

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro molto quasi presto

Musical score for the final section of the quartet, featuring three staves of music. The notation includes various dynamics such as *f*, *p*, *cresc.*, *ff*, and *fp*. There are also articulations like *tr* (trills) and *so* (soli). The score is marked with *su* (soli) and *A* (Allegro molto quasi presto). The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4.

39 Beethoven: Quartett No. 3 *D-Re-D* Op. 18 No. 3

1. SATZ

A) Allegro

I. SAIZ
A) Allegro

p

p cresc. f p solo

cresc.

p

f

ff

p

(A.....)

(E)

(A.....) *cresc.*

(A.....)

E

f

3. SATZ (Minore)

Allegro

3. SATZ (Minore)
Allegro

p *sf* (4) 0) *cresc.* *p* (2)

LETZTER SATZ

Prestc

Presto

p

The musical score consists of ten staves of music, all in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The notation includes various musical elements such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

- Staff 1:** Features a melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section labeled "B)" with a 7-measure rest and a 3-measure rest, both marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- Staff 2:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section labeled "C)" with a 1-measure rest and a 3-measure rest, both marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic.
- Staff 3:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- Staff 4:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- Staff 5:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- Staff 6:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- Staff 7:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- Staff 8:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- Staff 9:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.
- Staff 10:** Continues the melodic line with slurs and ties. It includes a section marked with a forte (*f*) dynamic.

40 Beethoven: Quartett No. 4 c-ut-c Op. 18 No. 4

1. SATZ

Allegro ma non tanto

A) *p* *cresc.*
 B) *fp* *cresc.*
 C) *f* *p*
 D) *cresc.* *SOLO*
 E) *ff* *f* *f*
 F) *f* *ff*

2. SATZ (Scherzo)

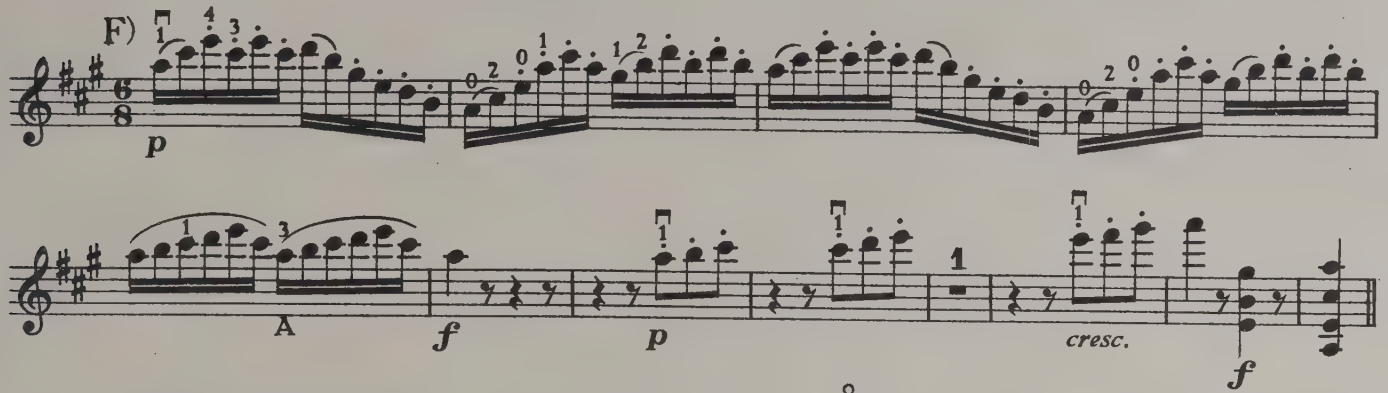
Andante scherzoso quasi allegretto

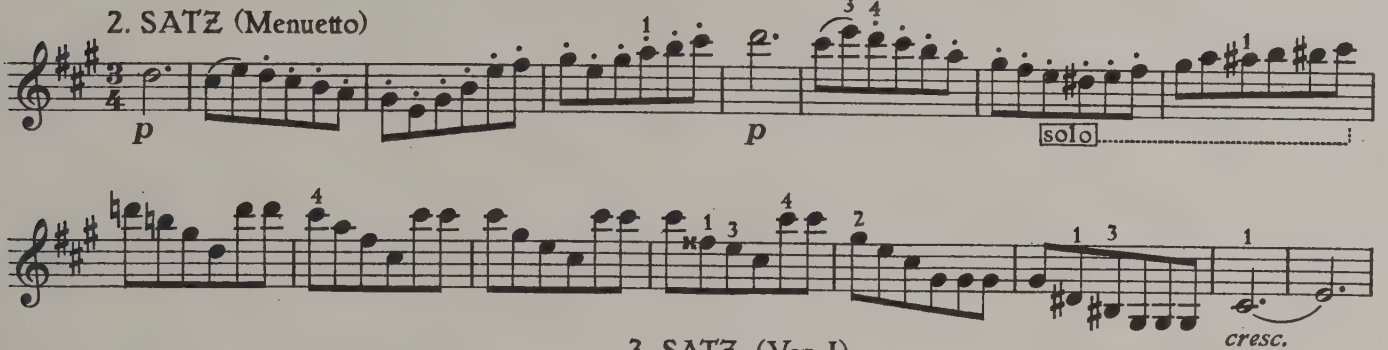
3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)

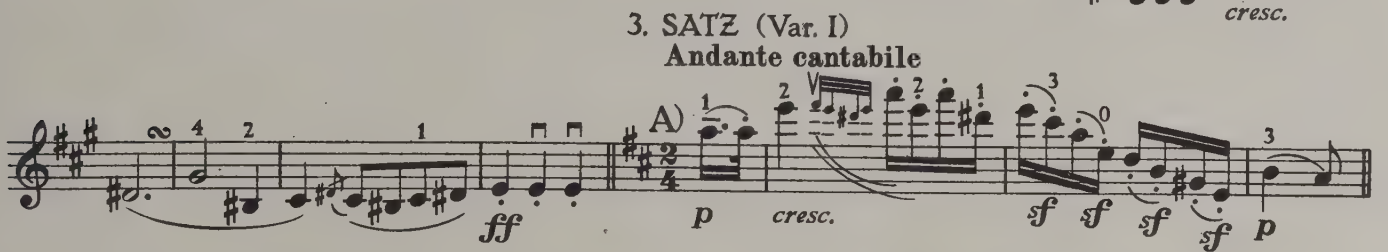
Allegretto

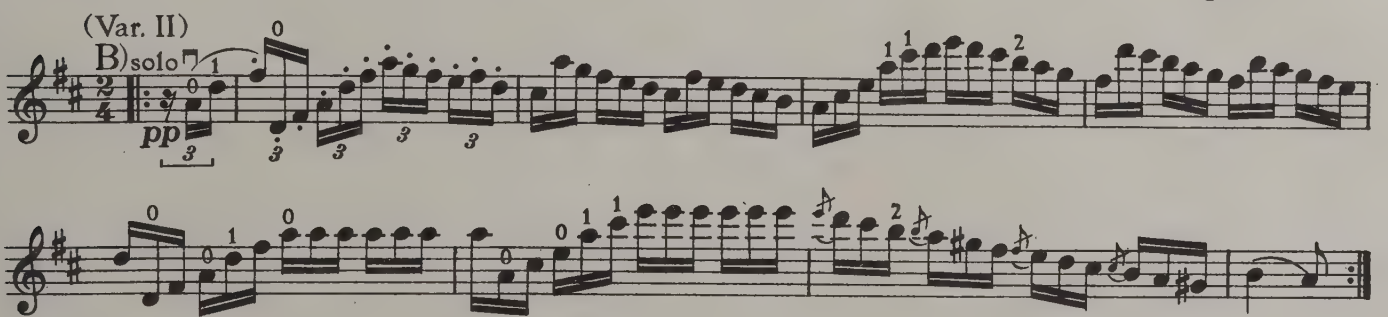
pp *cresc.*
p *sf*
cresc. *sf*

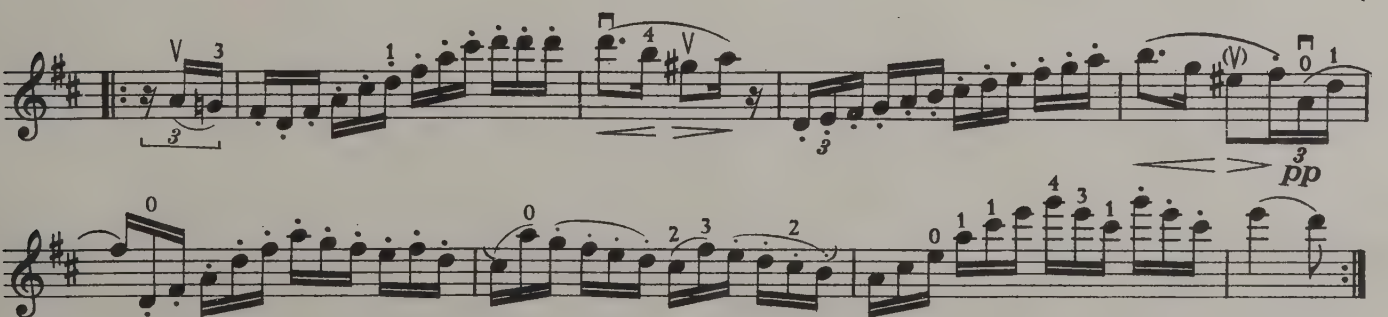
The image displays a complex musical score for a piano piece, likely a concerto or sonata, in the key of B-flat major (three flats) and 3/4 time. The score is organized into several systems, each containing multiple staves. The notation includes a variety of musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and fingerings. Dynamics like *cresc.*, *ff*, *f*, *p*, and *pp* are used throughout. Articulations such as accents and staccato marks are present. The score includes several marked sections: 'B)', 'A)', 'C)', 'D)', and 'E)', as well as 'LETZTER SATZ' (Final Movement) and 'Allegro'. The piece concludes with a 'solo' section marked 'pp'.

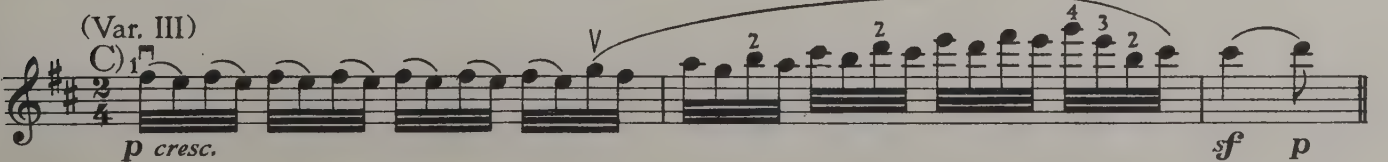
F) 

2. SATZ (Menuetto) 

3. SATZ (Var. I)
Andante cantabile 

(Var. II)
B) solo 



(Var. III)
C) 

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro

A) *p*

B) *ff*^A *f* *ff*^E

C) *p* *cresc.* *p*

D) *p sf sf sf f pp*

[42] Beethoven: Quartett No. 6 B - Sib - Bb Op. 18 No. 6

1. SATZ

Allegro con brio

A) *fp* *fp* *p*

B) *pp* *f sf* *f*

C)

p *cresc.* *f* *sf*

p *cresc.*

f *ff*

2 SATZ

2. SATZ

Adagio ma non troppo

Adagio ma non troppo

A) *p* *1 2 1 2 1 0 0* *solo* *6 6 6*

B) *cresc.* *(Rhythmus!)* *p* *stacc. v* *3* *A* *A....*

C) *pp* *6 6* *pp*

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro

The musical score is for a piece titled "Allegro" by S. GATZ (Gatze). It is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff in B-flat major (two flats) and 3/4 time. The tempo is marked "Allegro". The score is divided into several sections:

- First Section:** Starts with a key signature change from B-flat major to A-flat major (three flats). It includes dynamic markings *p* (piano) and *f* (forte), and a "pizz." (pizzicato) instruction. A section labeled "A)" is marked "(arco)" (arco) and *f*.
- Second Section:** Features a trill marked "tr" and a section labeled "B)". Dynamics include *p*, *sf* (sforzando), and *cresc.* (crescendo).
- Third Section:** Includes a section labeled "E" and a dynamic marking of *ff* (fortissimo).
- Fourth Section:** Labeled "(Trio)*", it features a key signature change to A major (no flats, one sharp). It includes a "solo" marking and a dynamic marking of *fp* (fortissimo piano).
- Fifth Section:** Continues the Trio section with another "solo" marking and *fp* dynamics.

The score concludes with a repeat sign and a final cadence.

*) Im 1. Band enthalten: Handgelenk 138b

**) Voir aussi Vol. I: Poignet* 138^b

* Also in Vol. I see: Wrist 138^b

2. SATZ

Allegretto vivace e sempre scherzando

A) *sempre p* *sempre staccato e piano*

B) *pp* *cresc.* *f*

C) *sempre pp* (V: A...)

3. SATZ

Adagio molto e mesto

A) *p sotto voce* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

B) *p* *cresc.*

C) *p solo*

G.....

A... A

(M)

LETZTER SATZ (Thème russe)

Allegro

A) *sempre piano*

sempre piano *f*

The musical score consists of ten staves of music, primarily in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various musical elements such as slurs, ties, and fingerings (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 0, V). Dynamics like *f*, *ff*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *dim.* are used throughout. Specific sections are labeled with letters: A, B, C, D, and E. Some staves include the instruction "restez" with a series of slanted lines underneath. The score is a complex arrangement of musical parts, likely for a string quartet or similar ensemble.

E) *restez* *A..* *p restez* *A* *p cresc.*

ff *(3)* *(3)* *(4)*

(1) *sf* *(sf)* *(sf)*

F) *f* *restez* *A* *A* *A...p* *cresc.*

f sf *D*

G) *cresc.*

f E *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

sempre f *sf* *sf* *sf*

Presto
 H) *ff* *A*

44 Beethoven: Quartett No. 8 e-mi-e Op. 59 No. 2

1. SATZ

Allegro

A) *p* *cresc.* *f*

B) *ff* *sf* *sf* *sempre f* (2)

C) *ff* *dim.* *p*

D) *ff* *dim.* *p*

2. SATZ *Si tratta questo pezzo con molto di sentimento*

Molto adagio

A) *p* *ff*

B) *f* *cresc. p*

C) *cresc. p*

D) *f* *p*

3. SATZ (Maggiore-Thème russe)

Allegretto

A) *p* *ff* *p*

1. SATZ

Allegro vivace

The image displays a page of a musical score for the 'Sonata in G major, Op. 10, No. 3' by Franz Liszt. The score is written for piano (p) and violin (V). It consists of 12 staves of music, arranged in two systems of six staves each. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (p, pp, f, sf, cresc.), articulation (accents, slurs), and fingerings (numbers 1-4). There are also specific performance instructions like 'solo', 'strecken', and 'liegen lassen'. The piece is marked with 'A)' at the beginning and 'D...' at the end, indicating different sections or movements. The notation is complex, featuring many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, as well as trills and slurs.

Andante con moto quasi allegretto

3. SATZ (Menuetto) Grazioso

(Trio)

LETZTER SATZ
Allegro molto

The image displays a musical score for guitar, consisting of six staves of music. The notation is in treble clef with a common time signature (C). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score is divided into two main sections, A) and B). Section A) covers the first four staves, while Section B) covers the last two staves. The music features various musical notations, including dynamic markings (f, ff, p, più f, dim.), fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 0), and articulation marks. The first staff begins with a forte (f) dynamic. The second staff continues with similar notation. The third staff includes a 'più f' (further forte) marking. The fourth staff features a fortissimo (ff) dynamic and a key signature change to E major. Section B) begins on the fifth staff with a forte (f) dynamic and a key signature change to F# major. The sixth staff concludes with a piano (p) dynamic and a key signature change to D major. The score is presented in a clear, professional layout with standard musical notation.

C) *cresc.* *f* *restez* *p* A

D) *ff* *f* *f* *f*

E) *sf* *sempre ff*

F) *p* A E *f* A A A

G) *p* *f* *più f* *f* *p* *restez* (A 3 2 4 3 1 4 3 A.... 2 1 E)

H) *più f* *ff*

E

46 Beethoven: Quartett No. 10 *Es - Mi $\flat$ - E $\flat$* Op. 74

1. SATZ

Allegro

A) *p* *cresc.* *p*

B) *p* *cresc.* *cresc.* *f*

C) *cresc.* *f*

D) *) *f*

D

f *più f* *ff*

*) Im 1. Band enthalten: Fester Strich [6C]

*) Voir aussi Vol. I: Coup d'archet énergique [6C]

*) Also in Vol. I see: Firm Bowing [6C]

47 Beethoven: Quartett No. 11 *f-fa-f* Op. 95

1. SATZ

Allegro con brio

A) *f* *G*.....

B) (Handgelenk) *pp* *f*

C) *p cresc.* = = = = = *E*

2. SATZ

Allegretto ma non troppo

(*mf*) *p* *cresc.*

3. SATZ

Allegro assai vivace ma serio

A) *pp* *f* *1* *p* *cresc.* = = = = =

B)*) *dolce* *sol*

C)*) *dolce* *sol*

D)*) *pp* *sol*

LETZTER SATZ

Allegretto agitato

A) *f* *cresc.* *ff*

B) *p* *p* *f*

C) *pp* *cresc.* *p* *f*

D) *Allegro*

*) Im 1. Band enthalten: Handgelenk [138a]

*) Voir aussi Vol. I: Poignet [138a]

*) Also in Vol. I see: Wrist [138a]

48 Beethoven: Quartett No. 12 *Es - Mi $\flat$ - Eb* Op. 127

1. SATZ Allegro

A) *p* *dim.* A A
 B) *E cresc.* *p* *ff*
 C) *Maestoso* *Allegro* *ff* *p* *f*
 D) *(p) cresc.* *dim.* *E* *p*

2. SATZ Andante con moto

A) *cresc.* *dim.* *pp* *cresc.* *p* *poco cresc.* *f* *p* *A* *cresc. p dolce*

3 2 2 V tr 3 2 2 tr 1 1 1 V tr
 cresc. = = = = =
 4 1 3 1 tr 2 tr 4 2 2 tr 2 tr
 p dim. = = = = = cresc. = = = = =
 1 2 1 tr 1 tr 2 tr 2 tr 2 tr 2 tr 3 1 1
 dim. = = = = = p D... cresc.
 Adagio ma non troppo e molto cantabile
 B) 12/8 p dolce cresc. = = = = = p dolce A
 3 2 3 3 1 2 4 3 2 3
 E
 4 3 4 4 3 3 1 2 4 3 2 3
 cresc. = = = = = p cresc. = = = = =
 1 3 1 1 4 3 3 4 3 4 3 4
 f > p cresc. = = = = = dim. = = = = = cresc.
 E
 3. SATZ
 Scherzando vivace
 A) 3/4 p p cresc. f p
 f p cresc. = = = = = f
 B) 3/4 p cresc. = = = = = f C) 3/4 p cresc. = = = = = f
 (2 3 3 3 4 3) A A A
 D) 3/4 pp (Rhythmus!) cresc. = = = = = ff

FINALE

A) *f* *sf* *p* (D..... G..... D..... G.....)

B) *p* *sempre p* *cresc.* *dim.* *pp*

C) *f* *p* *f* *p*

Allegro con moto (comodo)

D) *sempre pp* *cresc.*

E) *pp* *cresc.*

ff *p* *cresc.*

E) *f* *p* *pp*

49 Beethoven: Quartett No. 13 *B-Sib-Bb* Op. 130

1. SATZ
Allegro

The musical score for Beethoven's Quartet No. 13, first movement, is presented in a single staff. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into ten staves. The first staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a first ending bracket labeled 'A) 12'. The second staff features a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The third staff shows a variety of dynamics including *f*, *p*, *f*, *dim.*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The fourth staff is marked with *sf* (sforzando) three times. The fifth staff starts with *pp* (pianissimo), followed by *cresc.* and *p*. The sixth staff includes *p*, *f*, *non legato*, *p*, and *cresc.*. The seventh staff has *A* (first ending), *f*, and *dim.*. The eighth staff contains *f*, *dim.*, *A.....p.....*, and *f*. The ninth staff shows *cresc.*, *D.....*, and *f*. The final staff concludes with *sf* (sforzando).

2. SATZ (Presto)
 Listesso tempo

The musical score consists of four staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a 6/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Listesso tempo' (Presto). The first staff contains measures 1 through 10, with dynamics *f*, *sf*, *sf*, *sf*, and *sf*. The second staff contains measures 11 through 20, with dynamics *sf*, *sf*, *p*, and *cresc.*. The third staff contains measures 21 through 30, with dynamics *f*, *pp*, *pp*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The fourth staff contains measures 31 through 40, with dynamics *ff*, *dim.*, *p*, *p*, and *ritard.*. The fifth staff contains measures 41 through 50, with dynamics *f*, *G. P.*, *p*, and *solo*. The sixth staff contains measures 51 through 60, with dynamics *f*, *G. P.*, *p*, *solo*, and *sempre pp*. The seventh staff contains measures 61 through 70, with dynamics *f*, *G. P.*, *p*, and *solo*. The eighth staff contains measures 71 through 80, with dynamics *f*, *G. P.*, *p*, and *solo*. The ninth staff contains measures 81 through 90, with dynamics *f*, *G. P.*, *p*, and *solo*. The tenth staff contains measures 91 through 100, with dynamics *f*, *G. P.*, *p*, and *solo*. The piece concludes with a final measure marked *f*.

*) Im 1. Band enthalten: Triller [68a]

*) Voir aussi Vol. I: Trilles [68a]
 31018

*) Also in Vol. I see: Trills [68a]

B) *f* *A* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

C) *ff* *A* *cresc. poco a poco*

al f *(3) più f* *(A3) ff* *A* *restez*

A *sf* *dim.*

D) *V* *1* *sempre pp*

cresc. *sf* *cresc.* *p*

cresc. *f* *A* *cresc.* *sf* *cresc.*

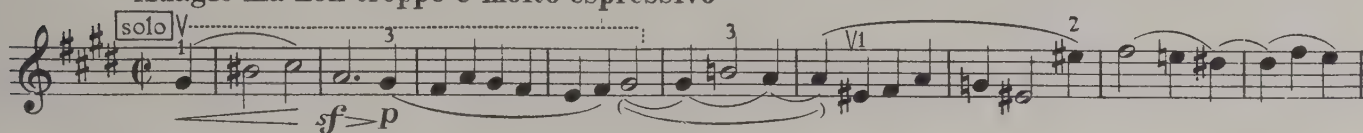
E) *V* *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *ff*

p *più p* *pp* *ff*

50 Beethoven: Quartett No.14 *cls - ut# - c#* Op.131

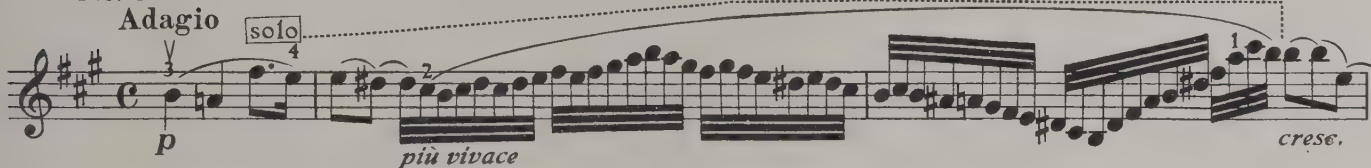
No. 1

Adagio ma non troppo e molto espressivo



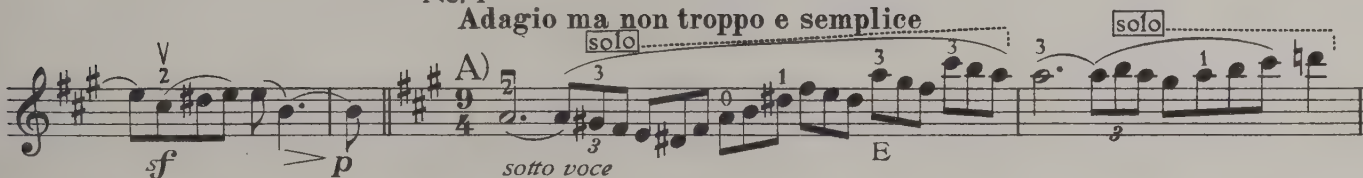
No. 3

Adagio

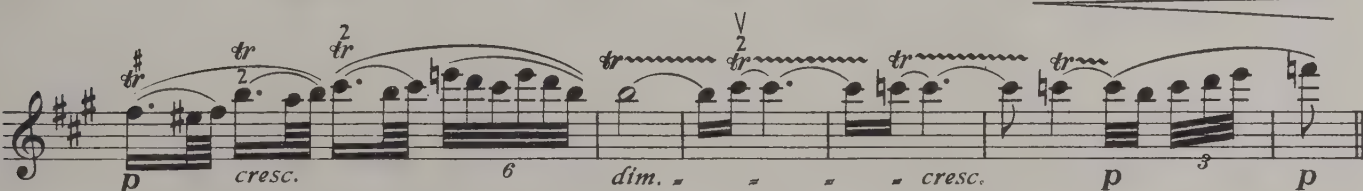
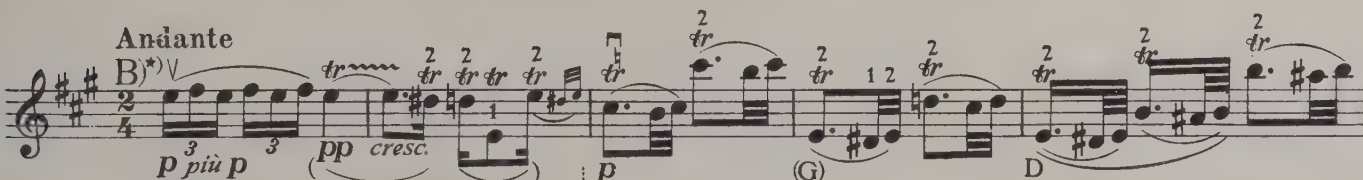


No. 4

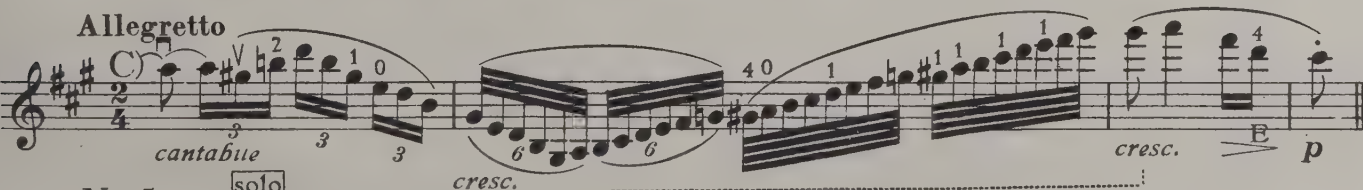
Adagio ma non troppo e semplice



Andante



Allegretto



No. 5

Presto



*) Im 1. Band enthalten: Triller [68b]

*) Voir aussi Vol. I: Trilles [68b]

*) Also in Vol. I see: Trills [68b]

sul ponticello

B) *dim. pp*

No. 7
Allegro

A) *ff* (G 1) 1 2 1 1 1 B) *p* (v) *cresc. poco* *espr.* 2

riten. p in tempo cresc. poco rit. sempre f sf

C) 4 0 2 1 1

D) *non legato pp*

E) *cresc. f sf p cresc. ff*

[51] Beethoven: Quartett No.15 a-la-a Op. 132

1. SATZ
Allegro

A) *f* solo *dim.* *p*

B) *ff* *p legato*

C) *p* *ff*

D) *ff*

p

cresc. ff

31018

2. SATZ

The image shows a page of musical notation for a piece titled "Vivace" by C. SATZ. The score is written for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute, and consists of six staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/4. The piece begins with a "C)" marking, indicating the start of the composition. The first staff includes the tempo marking "Vivace" and the dynamic marking "p cresc." (piano, crescendo). The second staff features a "ff" (fortissimo) dynamic marking. The third staff has a "sf" (sforzando) dynamic marking. The fourth staff includes a "dim." (diminuendo) dynamic marking. The fifth staff has a "p" (piano) dynamic marking. The sixth staff includes a "ppp" (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The score is filled with various musical notations, including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and fingerings. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a "V" marking, indicating the end of the section.

3. SATZ

Lento assai, cantante e tranquillo

Lento assai, cantante e tranquillo

p semplice *ten.* *A* *A.....* *A* *A*

cresc. *A poco a poco* *p*

cresc. rinf. *p* *dim.* *pp* *ritard.*

LETZTER SATZ

LETZTER SATZ
Allegro

[illegible]

53 Beethoven: FUGA GRANDE (Quartett 2 Viol., Viola, Vcl. No. 17) *B-Sib-Bb* Op. 133

Allegro

Allegro

A) *f* *A* *A*

B) *f* *B*

C) *f* *C*

ben marcato

D) *ben tenuto* **Meno mosso e moderato**

sf *pp*

E) *sempre pp* **E**

Allegro molto e con brio

F) *ff* *ff* *f* **E**

54 Schubert: Quartett a-la-a Op. 29

1. SATZ

Allegro ma non troppo

A) *pp* *(D)*

B) *p* *3* *3* *2* *2* *decresc.* *solo* *(3)*

C) *f* *3* *3* *2* *2* *f* **E**

D) *p* *3* *3* *2* *2* *(2)*

E) *f* *3* *3* *2* *2* *4* *3*

decresc. *(2)* *solo*

2. SATZ

Andante

ff *6* *6* *fp* *6*

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro moderato

A) *f* *(1)* *3* *p*

cresc. E

f ritard. a tempo pp

cresc. f cresc. sf

55 Schubert: Quartett G-Sol-G Op. 161

1. SATZ

Allegro molto moderato

p f ff p f ff p

(f) cresc. ff A...

A..... cresc. fz ffp

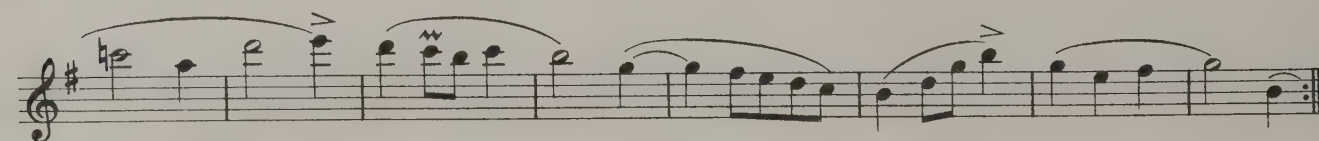
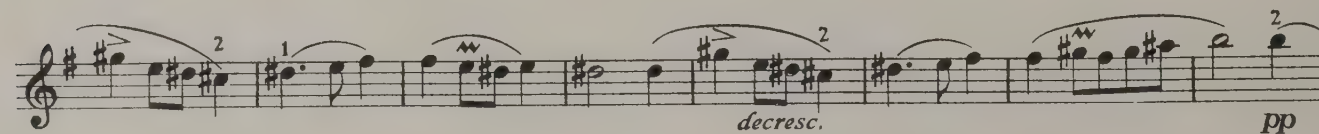
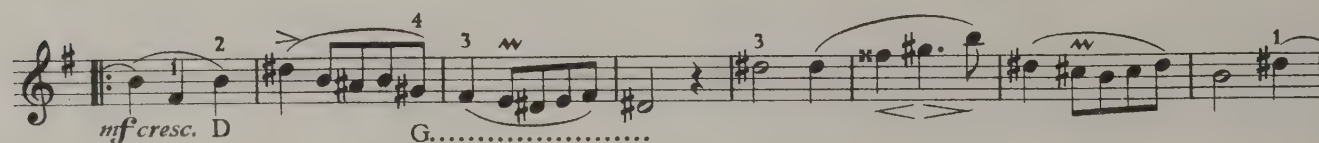
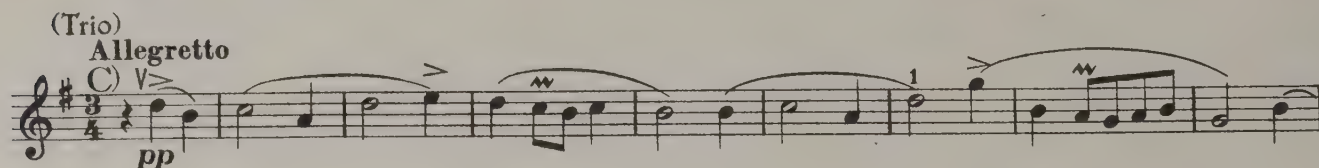
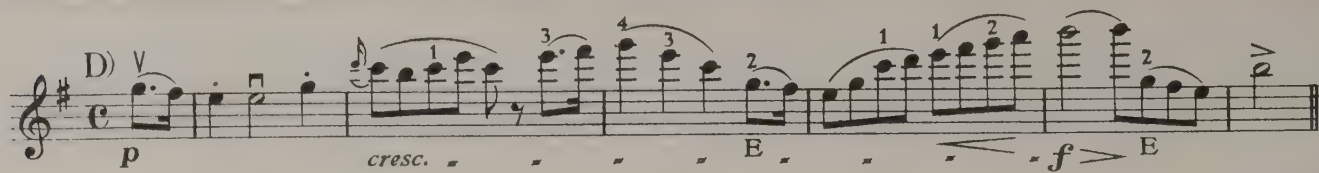
2. SATZ

Andante un poco moto

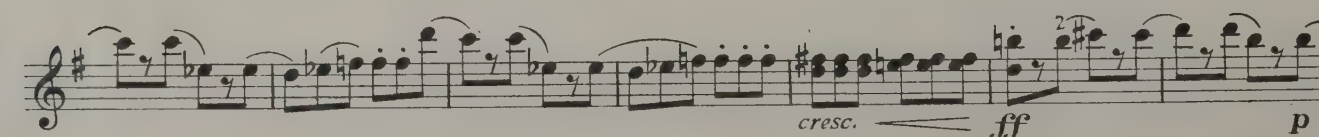
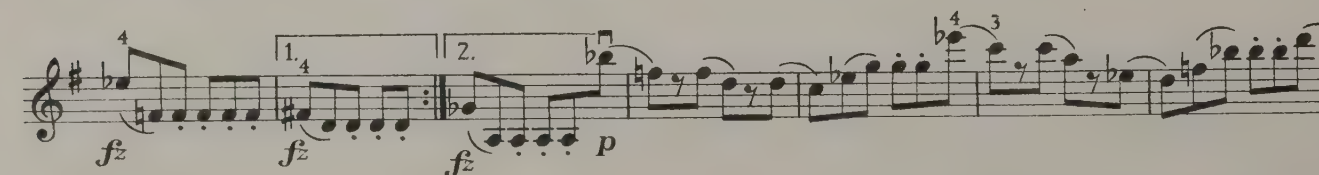
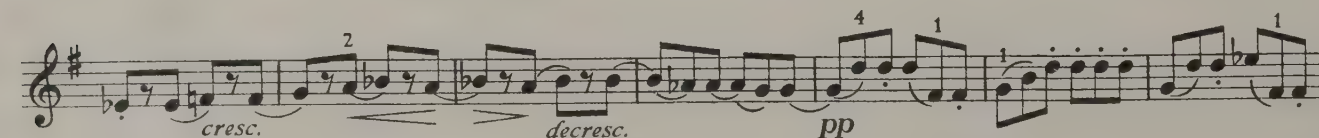
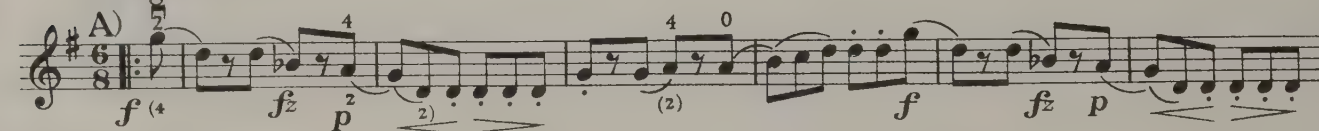
ff fz ff fz

ff fz fz

ff fz fz



LETZTER SATZ
Allegro assai



f^z *f* *p* *cresc.* *f*
p *decresc.* *pp* *V*
cresc. *ff* *f* *fz*
 C) *pp* A *(p)* E) *p* A
 A *cresc.* = A.....
 F) *pp* *dim.* *ppp* G) *p* A.....
p A A..... H) *p*
cresc. A A A A I) *p*
 K) *p* *dim.*

*) 4. Finger strecken, 1. Finger liegen lassen.

*) Etendre le quatrième doigt, laisser le premier doigt sur les cordes.

*) Stretch the fourth finger, the first finger to remain on the string.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Bird Song' is written on a single staff in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It consists of two measures. The first measure contains a quarter note G4, an eighth note A4, a quarter note B-flat4, an eighth note A4, a quarter note G4, and an eighth note F4. The second measure contains a quarter note E4, an eighth note D4, a quarter note C4, and an eighth note B3. Above the staff, there are two sets of bird-like sound effects, each consisting of a series of notes of varying durations, with the first set marked with a '1' and the second with a '2'. Below the staff, there are two sets of bird-like sound effects, each consisting of a series of notes of varying durations, with the first set marked with a '1' and the second with a '2'. The first set of sound effects is marked with a '1' and the second with a '2'.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Little Boat' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto' and the time signature is 4/4. The first measure contains a whole note chord of G4 and B4, marked with a forte 'f' dynamic. The second measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The third measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The fourth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The fifth measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The sixth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The seventh measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The eighth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The ninth measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The tenth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The eleventh measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The twelfth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The thirteenth measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The fourteenth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The fifteenth measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The sixteenth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The seventeenth measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The eighteenth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The nineteenth measure is a half note B4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The twentieth measure is a half note G4, marked with an accent (>) and a forte 'f' dynamic. The system ends with a double bar line.

2. SATZ

Andante con moto

2. SATZ
Andante con moto

A) solo

The first system of the musical score for 'The Swan' is written on a single staff in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It begins with a piano (p) dynamic marking. The melody starts with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter rest, then a quarter note A4. This is followed by a half note G4-A4, then a quarter note F#4. The next measure contains a quarter note E4, a quarter note D4, and a quarter note C4. The melody continues with a quarter note B3, a quarter note A3, and a quarter note G3. The final measure of the system contains a quarter note F#3, a quarter note E3, and a quarter note D3. The system ends with a double bar line.

The musical score is written for a quartet and consists of ten staves. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 3/4. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4). Dynamics include *pp* (pianissimo), *f* (forte), *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), *decresc.* (decrescendo), and *poco cresc.* (poco crescendo). Articulations include accents (>) and breath marks (V). The score is divided into sections labeled A, B), C), and D). Section A appears at the beginning, after the first staff, and again later. Section B) is marked with a double bar line and a key change to C major (one sharp). Section C) is marked with a double bar line and a key change to D major (two sharps). Section D) is marked with a double bar line and a key change to E major (three sharps). The score concludes with a final key signature change to E major.

3

2 2

3

pp

(A)

E

4

4

4

4

3 1 2

4 1

E

(A)

decresc.

2

3

4 3

1 2 2

pp

cresc.

3. SATZ (Scherzo)
Allegro molto

A)

f

p

f

B) (Trio)

f

f

f

p

ritard.

a tempo

C)

p

fp

(Ao)

pp

tr

V

dim.

LETZTER SATZ

Presto

A) 2 4 2 3

p

B) 1 4 1

p

C) 4 0

p

cresc.

f

solo

p

f

solo

p

cresc.

f

solo

f

p

3 2

ff

D) 3 2 8 4 2 3

ff

E) 0

p

decresc.

pp

D

F) *sf* *sf* *pp* springender Bogen
 G) *pp* springender Bogen
 H) *pp* springender Bogen
 I) *decresc.* *decresc.* *dim.* *f* *ff*
 K) Prestissimo *pp* *p* *cresc.* *ff* *sf* *sf* *p* *cresc.* *ff* solo mit 2. Violine... *sf* *sf*
 L) *p* *f* *cresc.* *ff* *fff*

57 Cherubini: Quartett No. 1 *Es-Mib-Eb*

1. SATZ

Allegro agitato (♩ = 116)

A) *f* (4) *p* *f*

B) *p* *f* *so*

C) *f*

D) *ff*

E) *p* *cresc.*

F) *ff* G) *(p)*

H) *f*

I) *ff* E

2. SATZ

Larghetto sans lenteur (♩ = 116)

3 SATZ (Scherzo)

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegretto moderato (♩ = 126)

A) *pp* légèrement et détachées

B) *pp* légèrement

A restez à la position

FINALE

Allegro assai ($\text{♩} = 160$) plus vite encore

Allegro assai ($\text{♩} = 160$) plus vite encore

The image shows three staves of musical notation for piano exercises. The first staff is labeled 'A)' and begins with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic marking. It contains two measures of eighth-note patterns, each with fingerings indicated by numbers 1 through 3. The second staff is labeled 'B)' and also starts with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. It features more complex rhythmic patterns with sixteenth notes and fingerings 1 through 3. The third staff is labeled 'C)' and begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. It includes patterns with sixteenth and thirty-second notes, with fingerings 1 through 4 shown. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The piece concludes with a double bar line and the letter 'E' at the bottom right.

58 Cherubini: Quartett No. 3 d-re-d

1. SATZ

Allegro comodo (♩ = 120)

1. SATZ
Allegro comodo (♩ = 120)

Staff 1: A) *p* *f* *f*

Staff 2: B) *f* *f* *f* *f*

Staff 3: *f*

Staff 4: *f* *dim.*

Staff 5: C) *f marqué* *ff*

2. SATZ

Larghetto sostenuto (♩ = 76)

2. SATZ
Larghetto sostenuto (♩ = 76)

ff stacc. sans quitter la corde

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Moderato sans lenteur

3. SATZ (Scherzo)
Moderato sans lenteur

Staff 1: A) *p* *cresc.* *f*

Staff 2: B) *p* *f* *f*

Staff 3: *f* *p* *f* *p*

Staff 4: C) *ff* *A*

[59] Mendelssohn: Quartett No.1 Es-Mib-Eb Op. 12

1. SATZ

Allegro non tardante

A) *f* *ff*

B) *ff*

C) *p* *mf* *cresc.*

2. SATZ (Canzonetta) (Allegretto)

A) *Più mosso*

pp *stacc.*

pp

B) *pp*

LETZTER SATZ

Molto allegro e vivace

A) *f* *ff* *pp*

B) *pp*

C) *cresc.* *ff* *p*

(springen)

The musical score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The key signature is two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 12/8. The score is divided into several measures, each containing complex rhythmic patterns and fingerings. Dynamics include *sf* (sforzando), *f* (forte), *ff* (fortissimo), *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), *dim.* (diminuendo), and *con fuoco*. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. A *solo* section is marked in measure 10. The score concludes with a double bar line and a final chord.

60 Mendelssohn: Quartett No. 2 a-la-a Op. 13

1. SATZ

Allegro vivace

A) *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *f* *f* *f*

B) *ff* *sf* *ff* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

C) *f* solo mit Violoncell.....

ff *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

3. SATZ (Intermezzo)

Allegro di molto

LETZTER SATZ

Presto

pp *pp* *cresc.* *ff*

B) *ff non legato*

C) Adagio non lento

sof. *dim.* *pp*

Recit. *dim.* *pp*

61 Mendelssohn: Quartett No. 3 D-Re-D Op. 44 No.1

1. SATZ

Molto allegro vivace (♩ = 88)

A) *f* *tr* *cresc.* *f*
 B) *p* *cresc.* *f* *p*
 C) *ff* *con fuoco* *ff* *cresc.*
 D) *f* *solo* (4)

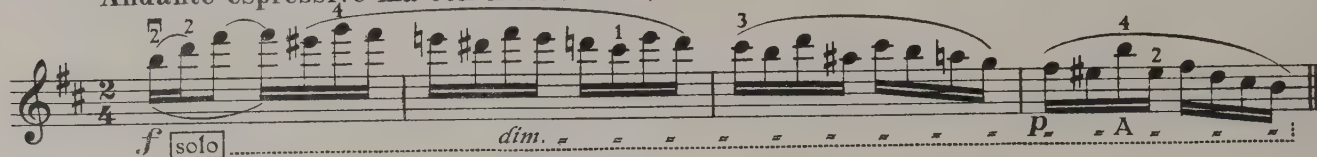
2. SATZ (Menuetto)

Un poco allegretto (♩ = 60)

A) *pp* *solo* *sempre pp* (1 2 3 2)
 B) *pp* *espress.* *p*
 C) *pp* *cresc.* *pp* *dim.*

3. SATZ

Andante espressivo ma con moto (♩ = 126)



LETZTER SATZ

Presto con brio (♩ = 104)

A) *f*

B) *(p) cresc.* *f* *più f*

C) *f*

D) *ff* *A*

E) *cresc.* *f*

F) *(p) cresc.* *ff*

A

[62] Mendelssohn: Quartett No. 4 e-mi-e Op. 44 No. 2

1. SATZ

Allegro assai appassionato ($\text{♩} = 88$)

A) p sf

B) p *cresc.* f

C) sf

2. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro di molto ($\text{♩} = 72$)

A) f p

B) p (*springen*)

LETZTER SATZ

Presto agitato ($\text{♩} = 72$)

A) mf p

B) f sf ff

C) f

D) ff (A 4 1 0) sf sf sf f ff (G)

[63] Mendelssohn: Quartett No. 5 Es-Mib-Eb Op. 44 No. 3

1. SATZ

Allegro vivace (♩ = 92)

1. SATZ
Allegro vivace (♩ = 92)

A) *f* (2) 1

B) *ff* 3

C) *f cresc.* 2 4 3

ff solo E

mf cresc.

f

D) *f sf più f ff*

2. SATZ (Scherzo)

Assai leggero e vivace (♩ = 152)

2. SATZ (Scherzo)
Assai leggero e vivace (♩ = 152)

A) *ff* 4

B) *pp* (1 2) 4 1 3

LETZTER SATZ
Molto allegro con fuoco (♩ = 76)

C) *p sf* 1

A) *p* 2 2 2

cresc. *f*

B) *f ff sf* 4 3 2 2

E cresc. *f ff* C) *f ff*

1. SATZ

Allegro vivace assai

Allegro vivace assai

A) *p*

B) *f*

C) *f*

cresc. poco a poco

pp

f

Presto

D) *ff*

FINALE

Allegro molto

Allegro molto

A) *pp cresc.* *ff*

p cresc. *3*

B) *sempre ff* *3*

C) *sempre ff* *3*

sf sf sf sf ff *V 3*

Presto ($\text{♩} = 160$)

[66] Schumann: Quartett No. 2 *F-Fa-F* Op. 41 No. 2

1. SATZ

Allegro vivace ($\text{♩} = 96$)

[illegible]

*) Siehe 1. Band: Staccato 40

*) Voir aussi Vol. I: Staccato 40

*) Also in Vol. I see: Staccato 40

2. SATZ

Andante, quasi Variazioni (♩. = 69)

A) *p* *più f* *dim.* *ritard.* *3*

B) *Molto più lento* (♩. = 50) *ten.* *ten.* *ten.* *Un poco più vivace* (♩. = 100) *f* *sf*

pp *A* *D*

CODA

Tempo I, un poco più lento

D) *p solo* *f* *sf*

E) *sf* *poco a poco ritard. e dim.*

Adagio

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Presto (♩. = 76)

A) *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *f* *p*

B) *p*

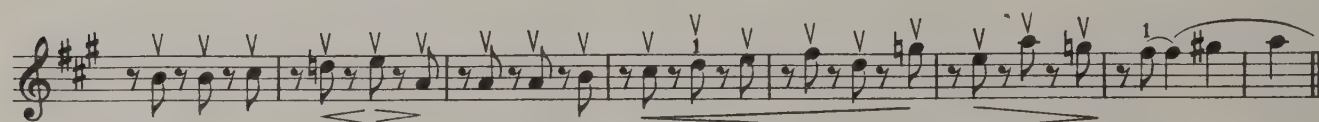
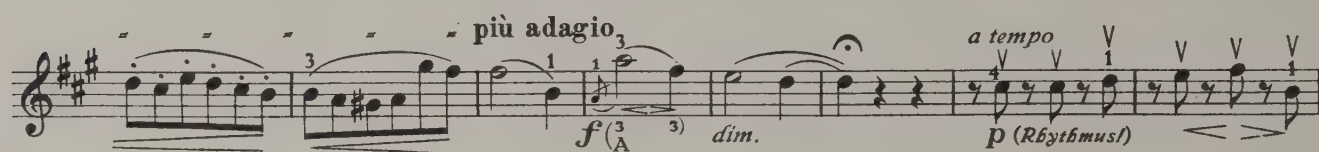
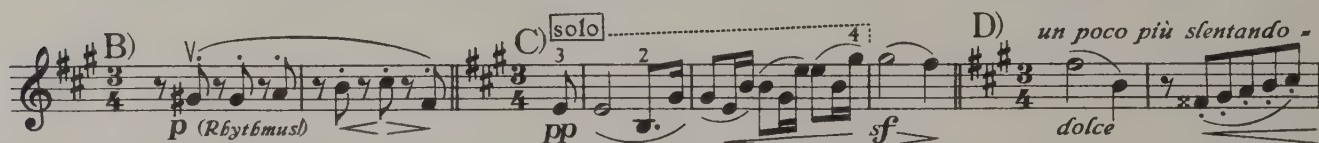
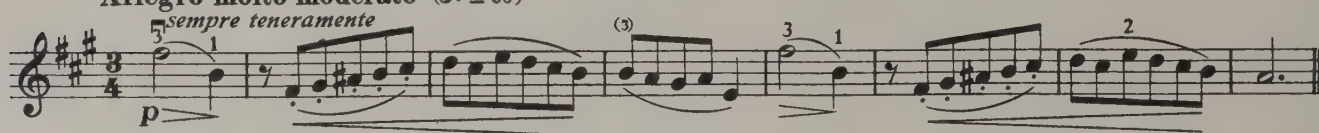
67 Schumann: Quartett No. 3 A-La-A Op. 41 No. 3

1. SATZ

Andante espressivo (♩ = 60)

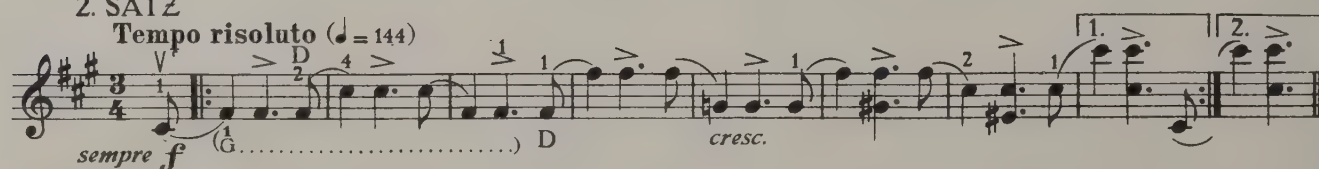


Allegro molto moderato (♩ = 60)



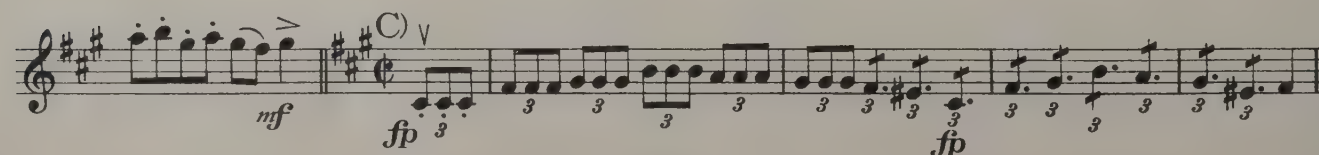
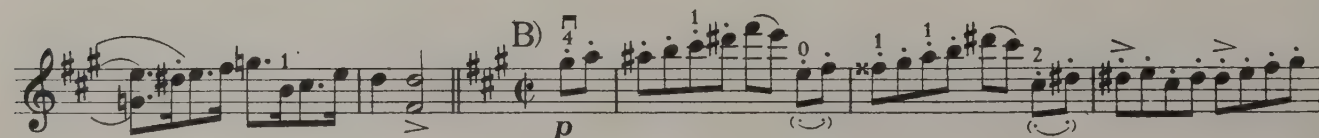
2. SATZ

Tempo risoluto (♩ = 144)



FINALE

Allegro molto vivace (♩ = 108)



Quasi Trio

Quasi Trio

D) *mf*

E) *f*

F) *p* *segue* *cresc.*

sf *sf* *p* *sf*

sf *sf*

ff *sf*

G) *f* *molto cresc.*

[68] Smetana: Quartett *e-mi-e*

1. SATZ

Allegro vivo appassionato

The image shows a musical score for a piece with two main sections. The first section is titled "Allegro vivo appassionato" and is marked with a tempo of 120. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The music is written on a single staff. The tempo changes to "Meno allegro" at measure 10, marked with a tempo of 60. The key signature remains one sharp, and the time signature is still common time. The music continues on the same staff. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings like *sf*, *rfz*, *ff*, and *f*. There are also fingerings and articulations indicated by numbers and symbols like *V* and *>*. The score is divided into two parts, A) and B), by a double bar line. The first part (A) ends at measure 10, and the second part (B) begins at measure 11. The score is for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute.

2. SATZ

Allegro moderato à la Polka

[illegible]

First system of the Quartette, measures 1-16. Dynamics include *f*, *rf cresc.*, *ff*, and *f*. A first ending bracket is present over measures 10-11.

Second system of the Quartette, measures 17-24. Tempo changes: *Meno vivo* and *Più allegro*. Dynamics include *p*, *sf*, *dolce*, *pp*, and *ffz*. A *lunga pausa* is indicated above measure 22.

Third system of the Quartette, measures 25-32. Tempo changes: *Meno mosso* and *Più mosso*. Dynamics include *f*, *sf*, and *con forza*. A first ending bracket is present over measures 28-29.

Fourth system of the Quartette, measures 33-40. Section title: **3. SATZ**. Sub-section: **A) Largo sostenuto**. Dynamics include *sf*, *p*, and *cresc.*. A first ending bracket is present over measures 38-39.

Fifth system of the Quartette, measures 41-48. Tempo change: *Più moto*. Dynamics include *f*, *sf*, *p dolce*, and *ff*. A first ending bracket is present over measures 45-46.

Tempo I

C) *f sf ff* *cresc.* *ff* *ff*

5 tranquillo *p leggiero*

p *p* *p*

E

LETZTER SATZ

Vivace

LEITZER SATZ

Vivace

A)

ff rf rf p rf p sf

B)

sf sf f sf ff sfz

C)

fz p ff sf sf sf sf p PE

D)

ff sf cresc.

E)

Più mosso

ff sf

69 Tschaikowsky: Quartett D-Re-D Op. 11

1. SATZ

Moderato e semplice

p dolce

p e leggero

poco a poco cresc.

cresc.

f e cantabile

f

Allegro giusto

ff

cresc.

Sempre accel.

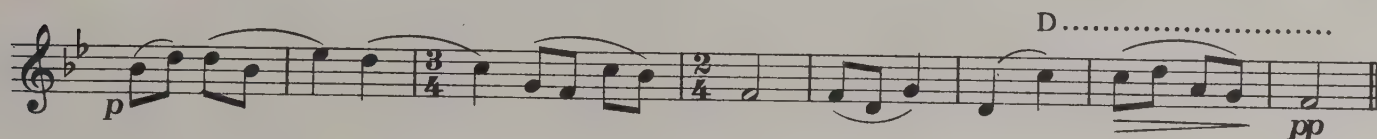
2. SATZ

Andante cantabile

p

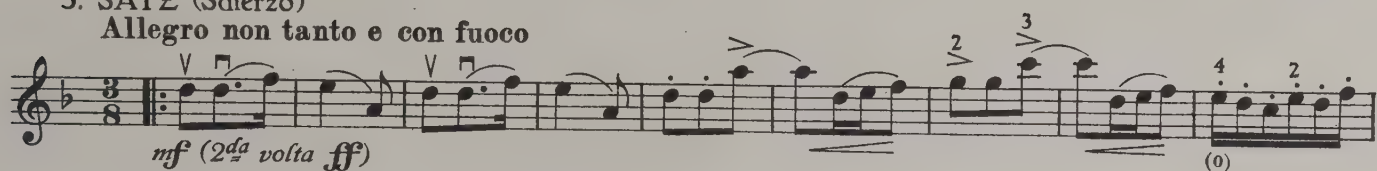
con sord.

pp



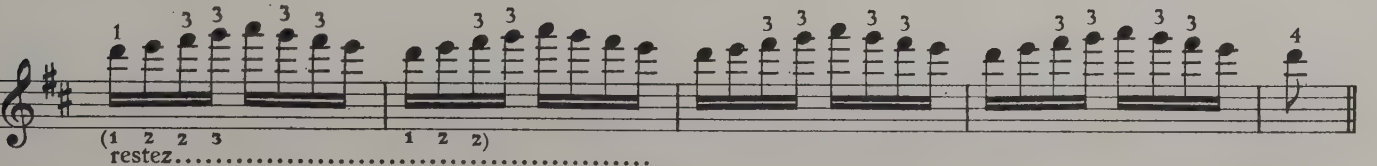
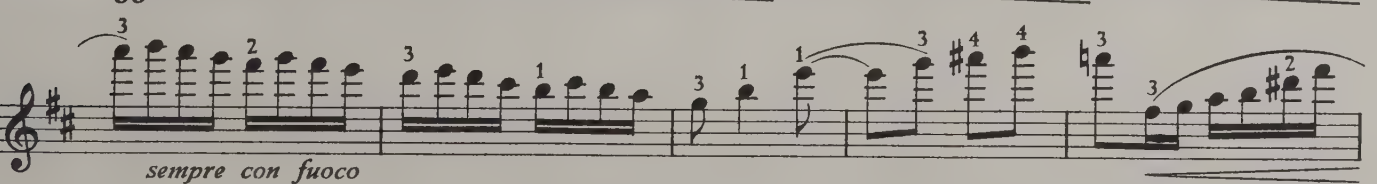
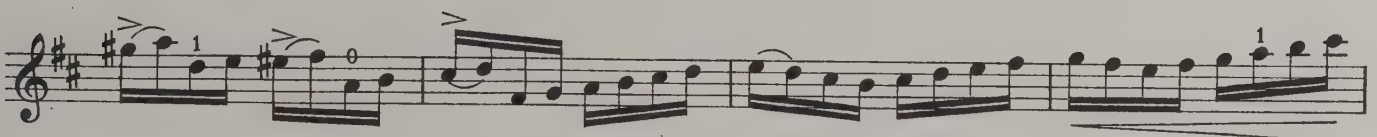
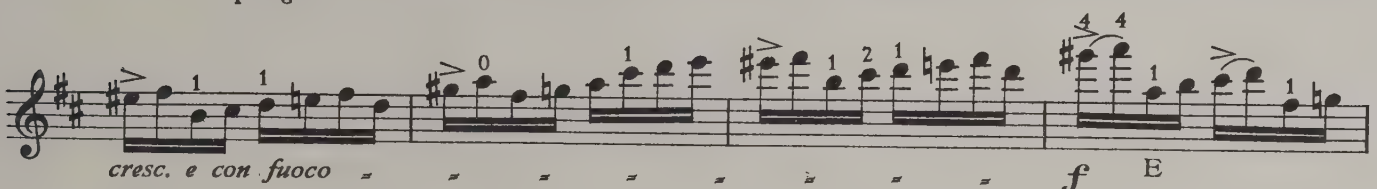
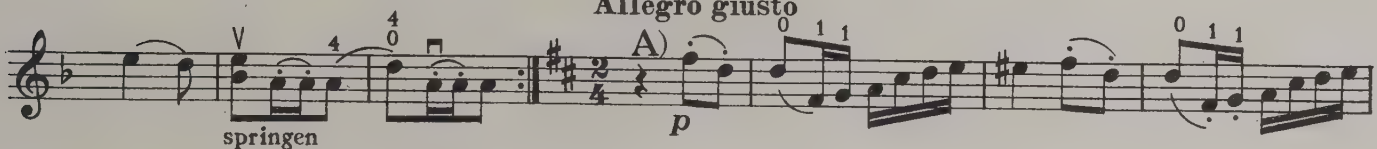
3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro non tanto e con fuoco



FINALE

Allegro giusto



70 Tschaikowsky: Quartett *F - Fa - F* Op. 22

1. SATZ

Adagio (♩ = 66)

1. SATZ
Adagio (♩ = 66)

A) *sfp* *mf* *pp* *sfp* *mf* *f*

solo

solo

solo

dim. *p* *A*.....

Moderato assai, quasi andantino (♩ = 80)

B) *pp* *p* *espress.* *cresc.* *f*

C) *dim. poco a poco* *f*

D) *f* *restez*.....

E) *f*

First system of the quartet, featuring four staves with complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings. The first staff includes a 4-measure rest, a 3-measure rest, and a 3-measure rest. The second staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 3-measure rest, and a 3-measure rest. The third staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 3-measure rest, and a 3-measure rest. The fourth staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 3-measure rest, and a 3-measure rest. The dynamic markings are *ff* and *ff*.

2. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro giusto (♩ = 112)

3. SATZ

Andante ma non tanto (♩ = 60)

Second system of the quartet, showing the beginning of the second and third movements. The first staff includes a 6-measure rest, a 9-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The second staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The third staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The fourth staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The dynamic markings are *p* and *f*.

FINALE

Allegro con moto (♩ = 136)

Third system of the quartet, showing the beginning of the finale movement. The first staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The second staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The third staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The fourth staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The dynamic markings are *f* and *p poco a poco cresc.*

Fourth system of the quartet, showing the continuation of the finale movement. The first staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The second staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The third staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The fourth staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The dynamic markings are *cresc.* and *f*.

Fifth system of the quartet, showing the continuation of the finale movement. The first staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The second staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The third staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The fourth staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The dynamic markings are *dim.* and *f*.

71 Tschaiikowsky: Quartett *es-mib-eb* Op. 30

1. SATZ

Andante sostenuto (♩ = 52)

Allegro moderato (♩ = 152)

First system of the first movement of Tchaikovsky's Quartet. The first staff includes a 6-measure rest, a 8-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The second staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The third staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The fourth staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The dynamic markings are *pp* and *f*.

Second system of the first movement of Tchaikovsky's Quartet. The first staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The second staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The third staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The fourth staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The dynamic markings are *mf* and *p espress.*

Third system of the first movement of Tchaikovsky's Quartet. The first staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The second staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The third staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The fourth staff includes a 3-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, and a 4-measure rest. The dynamic markings are *ff* and *E*.

E) *ff*

2. SATZ
 Allegretto vivace e scherzando (♩ = 96)
 F) *Andante sostenuto molto espress.* *p leggiero e saltando* *sf*

p *f* *p*

B) *ff*

3. SATZ
 Andante funebre e doloroso ma con moto
 (♩ = 56) *f con sordino*

FINALE
 Allegro non troppo e risoluto (♩ = 132)
 A) *(senza sord.) f*

1. *cresc.*

2. *cresc.*

B) *f* *ff*

1. SATZ

Allegro

31018

FINALE
Allegro

Allegro

A) *f* *poco f* *cresc.*

B) *poco f* *cresc.*

C) *f* *A* *E* *cresc.* *A* *A*

D) *cresc.* *A* *A*

E) *f* *(2)*

73 Brahms: Quartett a-la-a Op. 51 No. 2 *

1. SATZ

Allegro non troppo

A) *p* *espressivo*

B) *p* *ritard.* *solo* (3 0 3)

C) *p* *lusingando*

più p

D) *cresc.*

E) *f* *dolce*

F) *p*

G) *< f* *ritard.* *solo*

H) *pp* *lusingando*

2. SATZ

A) Andante moderato
espressivo

poco f

B) *f*

C) *molto p e dolce* *dim.* *p*

3. SATZ

Quasi Minuetto, moderato

Allegretto vivace

A) *p mezza voce*

B) *sf > p leggiero*

cresc. *f* *p* (n)

cresc. *f* *p*

p *f* (p)

p *dim.* *f*

FINALE
Allegro non assai

f (1 4 2)

f *E*

p *p* *E* *cresc.*

p *cresc. poco a poco* (A)

dim. *p* *E* *f*

marcato *f*

*) Im 1. Band enthalten: Rhythmus [170°]

*) Voir aussi Vol. I: Rythme [170°]

*) Also in Vol. I see: Rhythm [170°]

Piu vivace

F) *p* *cresc.*

f *ff*

74 Brahms: Quartett *B-Si $\flat$ -B $\flat$* Op. 67 *)

1. SATZ

Vivace

[illegible]

*) Originalverlag: N. Simrock G. m. b. H., Berlin

**) Siehe Band I: Rhythmus No. 170^a.

**) Voir aussi Vol. I: Rythme 170^a.

***) Also in Vol. I see: Rhythm [170^a]

Musical score for a quartet, featuring ten staves of music. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is divided into sections labeled A, B, C, D, and E.

Key markings and instructions include:

- Staff 1:** *fp* (fortissimo piano)
- Staff 2:** *dol. legg.* (dolce, leggiero)
- Staff 3:** *fp* (fortissimo piano)
- Staff 4:** *dim.* (diminuendo), *pp* (pianissimo)
- Staff 5:** *pp* (pianissimo)
- Staff 6:** *p molto dolce sempre* (piano molto dolce sempre), *A*
- Staff 7:** *dim. e* (diminuendo e)
- Staff 8:** *in tempo*, *calando* (diminuendo)
- Staff 9:** *f* (forte), *C*
- Staff 10:** *f* (forte)

The score also includes various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and fingerings. The key signature changes from B-flat major to B major between the sixth and seventh staves.

First system of the quartet. The music is in B-flat major and 2/4 time. It features four staves with complex fingering, including triplets and sixteenth-note runs. Dynamics include *f* (forte) and *cresc.* (crescendo).

LETZTER SATZ

Poco allegretto con Variazioni

Second system, titled "LETZTER SATZ Poco allegretto con Variazioni". The music is in B-flat major and 4/4 time. It features four staves with various musical markings, including *dolce* (sweet), *f* (forte), *dim.* (diminuendo), *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *A* (accents). The score includes first and second endings, marked with "1." and "2.". The piece concludes with a final cadence.

75 Verdi: Quartett e-mi-e *)

1. SATZ

Allegro (♩ = 120)

A) *legato dolce* *ff*

B) *ff*

C) solo *pp espress.*

D) *f*

cresc. *f* *ff*

dim.

2. SATZ

Andantino (♩ = 88)

con eleganza

A) *dolciss.*

B) *f*

C) *f* *ff*

3. SATZ

Prestissimo ($\text{♩} = 108$)

Prestissimo (♩ = 108)

A) *f* *brillante* *tr* *3* *0* *2* *tr* *3* *tr* *1* *3*

B) *p* *solo* *0*

solo mit Viola

LETZTER SATZ (Scherzo-Fuga)

A) Allegro assai mosso ($\text{♩} = 100$)

A) Allegro assai mosso (♩ = 100)
legg. dolce
pp solo mit 2. Viol.
Poco più presto
B) *ff*

76 Wolf: SERENATA ITALIANA Quartett *)

Sehr lebhaft

Sehr lebhaft

A) $\frac{3}{8}$ *pp* *p* *rit.* *a tempo* *ff* *feurig*

B) $\frac{6}{8}$ *cresc.* *ff* *feurig*

C) $\frac{3}{8}$ *pp* *cresc.* *ff* *ff*

D) $\frac{3}{8}$ *pp*

*) Originalverlag: Ed. Bote & G. Bock, Berlin

77 Wolf: Quartett *d-re-d* *)1. SATZ
Grave

A) *ff*
 B) *ff*
 C) *ff* *Leidenschaftlich bewegt*
 D) *ff*
 E) *f* *immer stärker* *A* *ff* *wütend*
p *weich* *cresc.* *f*
ff

2. SATZ

Langsam

A) *pp* mit Dämpfer *ff* ohne Dämpfer *f* *ff*

C) *f* nach und nach bewegter *f* *f* *cresc.* *ff* lebhaft bewegt

B) *ff* ohne Dämpfer *f* *ff*

3. SATZ

Resolut

A) *f* *f cresc.* *ff* E

C) *ff* *p* *ff* *fff* E

B) *f* *cresc.* *ff* E

Um ein wenig langsamer

C) *ff* *p* *ff* *fff* E

B) *f* *cresc.* *ff* E

LETZTER SATZ

Sehr lebhaft

A) *p cresc.* *f* *rit.* etwas langsamer *f* *p*

p *p* *beschleunigt, cresc.*

f *ff* sehr lebhaft

f A A

B) *fff* *ff*

78 Dvořák: Quartett d-re-d Op. 34*)
1. SATZ
Allegro (♩ = 134)

A) p pp A..... E
 B) pp
 C) mf p
 D) f $dim.$ p $dim.$ A p pp A
 A $A.....$ $A.....$ $A.....$ $A.....$ $cresc.$
 ff sf
 ff sf

2. SATZ (Alla Polka)
Allegretto scherzando (♩ = 100)

A) pp f sf $sempre f$
 (Trio)
 Quasi l'istesso tempo (Die Achtel wie früher)
 B) p fp fp
 pp $dim.$ sf $dim.$
 C) fp pp p

3. SATZ

Adagio (♩ = 116)

A) *pp con sordino* *f* *dim. p*

B) *p cresc. dim. pp* *pp espress.* *f*

C) *p* *f* *pp*

FINALE

Poco allegro (♩ = 86)

A) *p (senza sord.)*

B) *(p)* *f*

C) *p* *cresc.* *f*

[79] Dvořák: Quartett *Es-Mib-Eb* Op. 51 *)

1. SATZ

Allegro ma non troppo (♩ = 108)

A) *pp* *E* *dim.*

B) *sempre pp* *mf*

3. SATZ (Romanze)

Andante con moto (♩ = 100)

31018

80 Dvořák: Quartett F-Fa-F Op. 96 *)

1. SATZ

Allegro ma non troppo (♩ = 112)

A) *pp* *cresc.* *ff*

B) *pp* *leggero* *cresc.*

C) *pp* *cresc.* *ff*

A) *pp* *cresc.* *f*

B) *f* *ff*

3. SATZ

Molto vivace (♩ = 72)

A) *p* *A*

B) *pp*

C) *molto rit.* *in tempo* *pp*

D) *pp*

FINALE

A) **Vivace ma non troppo** (♩ = 152)

fp *fp*

B) *pp* *dim.*

C) *pp* *cresc.* *f*

D) *f* *cresc.* *ff* *ff*

E) *E*

[81] Dvořák: Quartett G-Sol-G Op. 106 *)

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato (♩ = 88-92)

A) *p* (Spitze) *V*
 B) *p*
 C) *ff*
 D) *pp*
 E) *f*
 F) *f*
 G) *mf*
 H) *pp* poco a poco cresc.
 I) *p* molto cresc. *mf*
 K) *ff*
 L) *ff* marcato

Adagio ma non troppo (♩ = 63)

2. SATZ

A) *ff* string. *appass.* *molto rit.*
 B) *mf* *molto rit.* *dim.*
 C) *Animato* *ff* (Rhythmus!) *sfz*

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato (♩ = 102 ~ 126)

2. SATZ

Quasi presto (♩. = 160–172)

L'Espresso
 Franz Liszt, Op. 3, No. 4
 Moderato

ff pp ff

p pp f pp

ff sempre ff sf

pp p grazioso

sempre p

ppp ff

3. SATZ

Larghetto (♩ = 52 ~ 56)

A) *G*..... *mp* *sempre molto espress.* *poco* *f* *quasi un poco più mosso* *V*

C) *Tempo primo* *mf* *fff*

LETZTER SATZ

A) Allegro con grazia e con spirito (♩ = 88 ~ 102)

molto espress. sf *p* *mf sempre grazioso* *p* *pp* (non cresc.)

sf *pp*

Quasi adagio (♩ = 66)

B) *ff marcato il tema*

ffz *ffz*

sempre ff *ben marcato il tema*

simile *sempre ff*

ffz

Più adagio (♩ = 48)

rit. *fff* *rit.* *sempre con tutta forza al fine*

83 Debussy: Quartett No.1 *g-sol-g* Op. 10 *)

1. SATZ

Animé et très décidé (♩ = 63) B)

A) *f* *pp*

C) *(p)* *p* *p*

mf *dim.* *più dim.*

D) *f* *ff* *sf* *(f) più f*

E) *ff* (A) *E*

I^{er} Mouvement

Très animé (♩ = 138)

F) *f* *ff*

G) *ff*

2. SATZ

Assez vif et bien rythmé (♩ = 112)

A) *p* *très léger* *mf*

B) *mf* *dim.*

C) *f* *dim.*

D) *più dim.* *f* *dim.*

3. SATZ

Andantino doucement expressif (♩ = 80)

A) *pp* Sourdine *Un peu retenu* *a tempo* *p dim.*

B) (sans sourd.) *p*

LETZTER SATZ

A) Très modéré (♩ = 58)

pp *p* *piu p* *pp*

B) Très animé (♩ = 138)

fff

C) *fff*

fff *Très vif* *(mf) cresc.*

A *f* *E) f* *19* *(o)*

[84] Reznicek: Quartett cis-ut#-c# *)

1. SATZ

Allegro (♩ = 80)

A) *f* *A* *p cresc.*

f sempre

B) *espress.* *p cresc.*

C) *fz* *p cresc.* *fz* *f*

p cresc.

2. SATZ

Andante mosso (♩ = 78)

A) *p dolce* *espress.* *p* *espress.*

B) *f* *con sord.* *f ritard. poco a poco* *ff largamente*

3. SATZ

Allegretto (♩ = 104)

A) *p (sans sord.)* *f* *tr*

B) *p cresc.* *f*

(Poco meno) C) *p cresc.* *Meno* *p espress.*

LETZTER SATZ

Tempo giusto

A) *p cresc.* *f espress.* *dim.* *leggieriss.*

B) *p cresc.* *f* *p con grazia* *pp*

C) *p cresc.* *f espress.* *dim. legg.*

D) *(mf) cresc.* *ff con disperazione* *fp espress. cresc.* *ff con disperazione*

85 Klöse: Quartett Es-Mib-Eb *)

1. SATZ

Moderato (♩ = 96)

A) *ff*

B) *mf*

a tempo

un poco rit.

animato

mp

f tempo primo

rit. a tempo

Maestoso (♩ = 44)

C) *ff*

pizz. arco

un poco rit.

a tempo

sempre ff

f

non rigido

f un poco rit. ff a tempo

poco rall.

E

a tempo

p

meno p

mp

mf

f cresc. e sempre più appassionato

Allegretto appassionato (♩ = 100)

ff

E

Tempo primo

D) *passionato*

f > mf

9

rit.

E) animando *tempo primo*

mp *rit.* *a tempo* *acceler.* *f* *espressivo* **F) animando** *mf*

f *ff* *allargando* *più mosso concertando* *più tranquillo* *f espress.* *E* *espress.* *fz* *mf*

4. SATZ *Moderato* ($\text{♩} = 72$)

A) *ff* *con forza* *f* *animando* *un poco allargando* *poco decresc. ma sempre*

più f *ff* *A.....*

B) *ff* *poco largo* *f cresc. ed animando* *solo* *poco largo* *ff vivo*

Andante giocondo e con moto ($\text{♩} = 66$)

Allegro ($\text{♩} = 112$)

f *G.....*

86 Glasunow: 5 NOVELLETTEN Quartett Op. 15 *)

I ALLA SPAGNUOLA

Allegretto (♩ = 80)

A) *f*

Trio (♩ = ♩.) B) *pp* A

The score for 'I ALLA SPAGNUOLA' consists of two systems. The first system, labeled 'A)', is in 9/8 time and begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The second system, labeled 'B)', is in 4/4 time and begins with a pianissimo (*pp*) dynamic. It features a triplet of eighth notes and a quarter note, with a first ending bracketed and marked 'A'.

Tempo I

C)

p *f*

The score for 'Tempo I' is in 9/8 time and begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The piece concludes with a forte (*f*) dynamic.

II ORIENTALE

Allegro con brio (♩ = 152)

solo *p leggiero*

The score for 'II ORIENTALE' is in 6/8 time and begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The piece concludes with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

IV VALSE

Giocoso (♩ = 80)

A) *mf poco a poco accel. e cresc.* *f*

The score for 'IV VALSE' is in 3/4 time and begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The piece concludes with a forte (*f*) dynamic.

Scherzando

B)

f *p*

The score for 'Scherzando' is in 3/4 time and begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The piece concludes with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

V ALL' UNGHERESE

Allegretto (♩ = 116)

A) *p*

The score for 'V ALL' UNGHERESE' is in 2/4 time and begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The piece concludes with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

B) *f*

The score for 'V ALL' UNGHERESE' is in 2/4 time and begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The piece concludes with a forte (*f*) dynamic.

C) *ff*

The score for 'V ALL' UNGHERESE' is in 2/4 time and begins with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The piece concludes with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic.

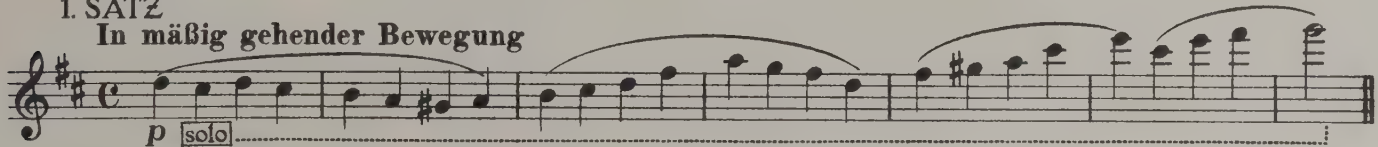
D) *fp* *pp*

The score for 'V ALL' UNGHERESE' is in 2/4 time and begins with a fortissimo (*fp*) dynamic. It features a series of eighth notes with accents. The piece concludes with a pianissimo (*pp*) dynamic.

87 Pfitzner: Quartett D-Re-D Op. 13 *)

1. SATZ

In mäßig gehender Bewegung



88 Schönberg: Quartett *d-re-d* Op. 7 *

Nicht zu rasch

ff

f

ff

A A E

89 Kreisler: Quartett *a-la-a* **)

No. 1 FANTASIA

Sehr gemäßigtes Zeitmaß

A) solo

p wie verklärt

B) drängend

noch immer drängender und gesteigerter

più f

A A A

ff

No. 2 SCHERZO

Allegro vivo, con spirito (♩ = 152)

A) p

cresc.

B) fröhlich

f

mf

Molto moderato (♩ = 80)

C) p

mit Ausdruck

ad libit.

D

5 6

*) Originalverlag: Dreiflilien, Berlin

**) Originalverlag: B. Schott's Söhne, Mainz

Tempo I
D)

(mf) P f ff p pp

No. 3 EINLEITUNG UND ROMANZE

Langsam beginnen, nach und nach etwas beschleunigen bis ----- Allegretto

mf cresc. più cresc. dim.

No. 4 FINALE

Allegro moderato (♩ = 96)

poco cresc. p mf schalkhaft D A D....

G..... poco string. capriccioso

mit Schwung B) ff sfz

Allegro molto moderato

pp alla punta sfz mf

IV capriccioso poco string.

Allegro molto moderato e ritmico

f molto agitato sfz molto cresc. e accel.

Più vivo

sfz ff A

90 Hindemith: Quartett *C-Ut-C* Op. 16 *)

1. SATZ

Lebhaft und sehr energisch ($\text{♩} = 108-120$)

1. SATZ
Lebhaft und sehr energisch (♩ = 108-120)

A) *f* *mf* *cresc. molto* *verbreitern* *Tempo I* *Im ersten Zeitmaß* *C)* *f* *sempre cresc.* *Schneller als das Hauptzeitmaß* *D) (♩ = 128)* *f molto accel.* *Sehr schnell (♩ = 136)* *Breit* *rit.* *ff* *ff*

B) *(mf) poco a poco accel.* *Vla.* *Breit* *mf* *verbreitern* *Tempo I* *Im ersten Zeitmaß* *C)* *f* *sempre cresc.* *Schneller als das Hauptzeitmaß* *D) (♩ = 128)* *f molto accel.* *Sehr schnell (♩ = 136)* *Breit* *rit.* *ff* *ff*

FINALE

Äußerst lebhaft (Ganze Takte M. M. 128~136) Das Zeitmaß der ganzen Takte ist ohne Rücksicht auf die Taktvorschrift stets das gleiche. Also ♩ immer gleich ♩

gleiche. Also $\bullet$ immer gleich $\bullet$

A)

mf f

cresc.

A

B) Festes Zeitmaß

mf fff

A

8¹

C) Tenuto
f *accel. molto* *moito accel.* *Presto* *f* *Prestissimo (hinabstürzen)* *fff sempre*

Mäßig schnell *Vla.*

D) Leicht bewegt
verbreitern *A* *ff viel breiter* (3)

91 Strawinsky: Trois pièces pour quatuor à cordes *

I *M. M. ♩ = 126*
 Sur le sol - glissez avec toute la longueur de l'archet jusqu' à la fin. *mf* *talon* *talon*

II *♩ = 76*
A) *p très court du talon* **B)** *sur la touche.....* *p* *A* *E.....* *G* *D* *4 0 8* *poco rit.*

C) *sur la touche.....* *pp* *ff* *ff*

III *♩ = 40*
A) *sul tasto.....* *pp* **B)** *Glissez avec l'archet* *ppA*
 en toute sa longueur..... *(A)* *E..* *A.....* *(A)*

IV

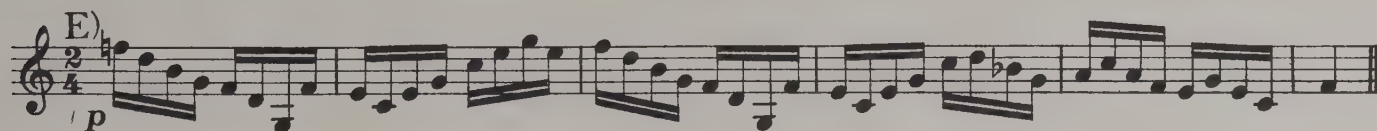
QUINTETTE

[92] Mozart: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, Violoncello) C-Ut-C (Peters 5 – Köchel 515)

3. SATZ
Andante

LETZTER SATZ

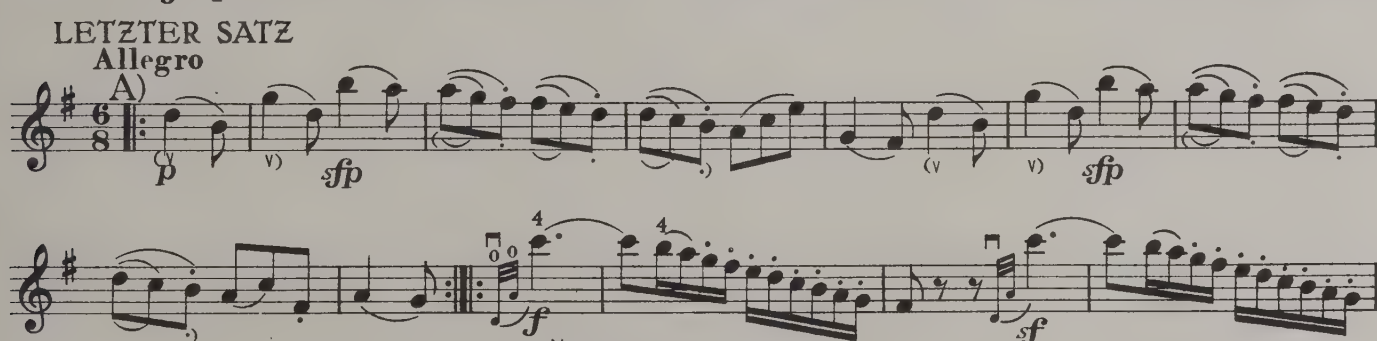
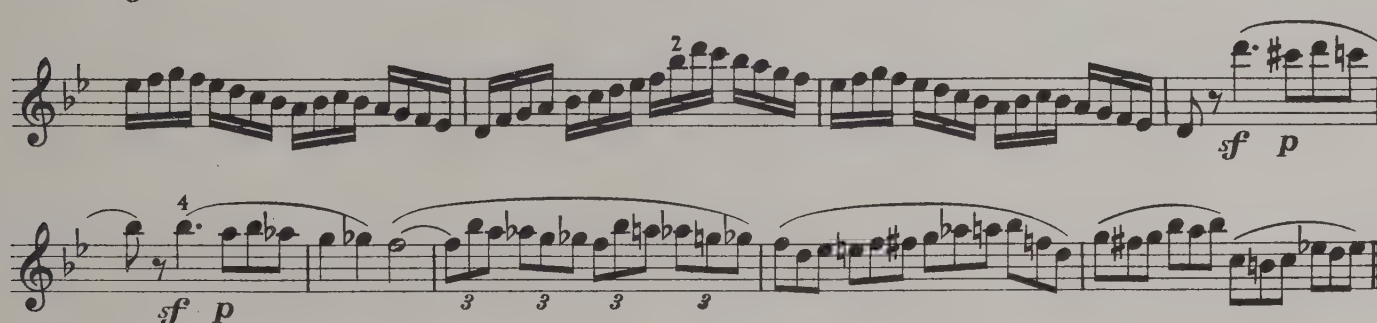
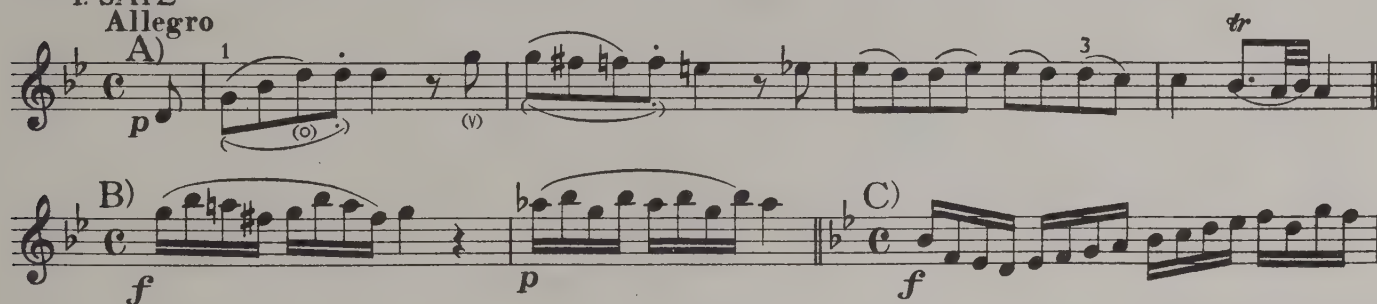
Allegro



[93] Mozart: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, Violoncello) *g-sol-g* (Peters 6 - Köchel 516)

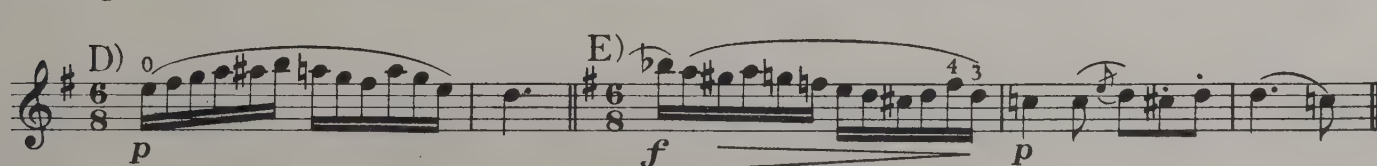
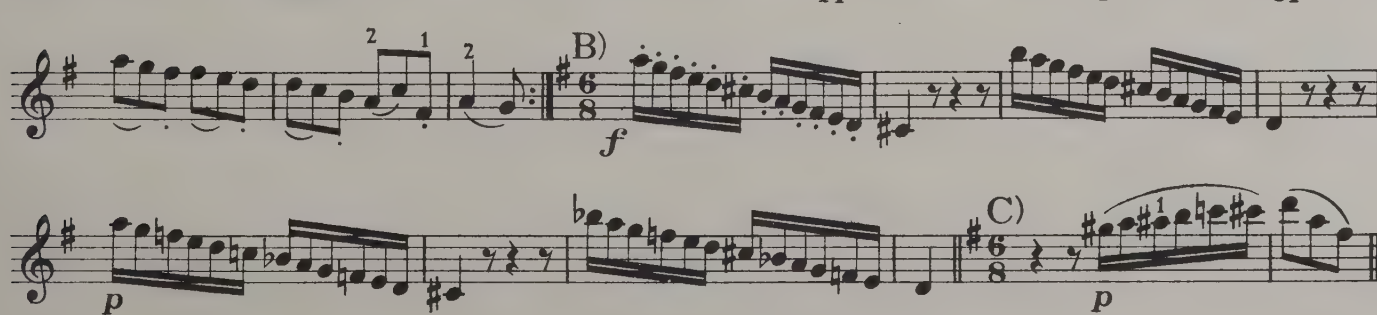
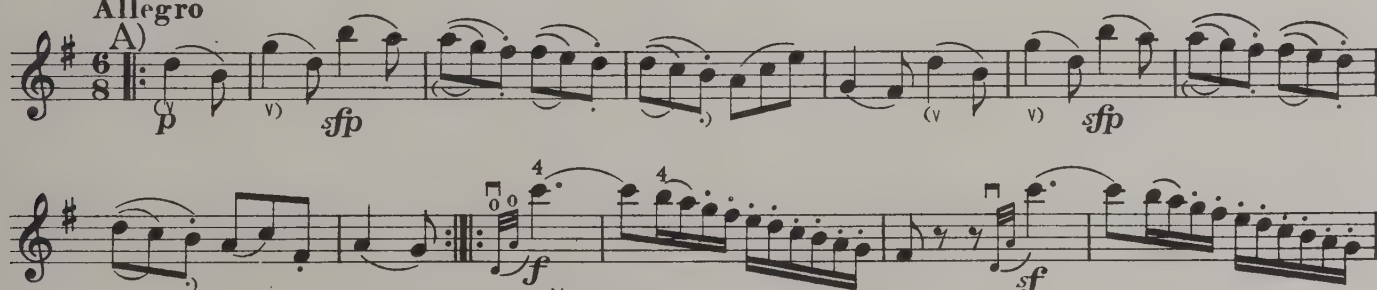
1. SATZ

Allegro



LETZTER SATZ

Allegro



F) *f* *p*

G) *p*

H) *p*

I) *f* *p*

p *p* *A* *E* *f*

[94] Mozart: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, Violoncello) D-Re-D (Peters 7 - Köchel 593)

1. SATZ
Allegro

A) *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

B) *f* *solo*

C) *f* *p*

2. SATZ
Adagio

A) *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

B) *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)
Allegretto

FINALE
Allegro

A) *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

B) *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

The image shows a musical score for a piece titled "The Little Boat" by J. S. Zich, Op. 10, No. 1. The score is written for a single melodic line and a piano accompaniment. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 6/8. The score is divided into four staves. The first staff contains the melody, which begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second and third staves contain the piano accompaniment, with the second staff starting with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff continues the melody, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "p" (piano) and "f" (forte). The piece is in a simple, folk-like style, with a clear melody and a steady accompaniment.

95 Mozart: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, Violoncello) *Es-Mib-Eb* (Peters 8 ~ Ködel 614)

1. SATZ

Allegro di molto

[illegible]

FINALE
Allegro

A)

B)

C)

96 Mozart: Quintett (Clarinetto, Violino o 2 Violini, Viola, Violoncello) A-La-A (Peters 9 – Köchel 581)

1. SATZ
Allegro

A) *f* *fp*

B) *fp*

C) *fp* *fp* *fp* *fp*

3. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)

solo *p*

f p *f p* *f p* *f p*

p

f p *f p*

LETZTER SATZ (4. Variation)

Allegretto

(mf)

mf

mf

97 Beethoven: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, Violoncello) C-Ut-C Op. 29

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato

A) *p* *cresc.* *p*

B) *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *cresc.*

f *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f*

C) *p* *f* *cresc.* *f*

solo mit 2. Viol.

D) *p* *f* *p* *cresc.* *fp*

E) *p* *cresc.* *f*

F) *p* *cresc.* *f*

The musical score is written for a string quintet in C major, Op. 29, first movement. It consists of 11 staves of music. The first staff (A) begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*) leading to a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second staff (B) starts with piano (*p*), followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*), then piano (*p*), and another crescendo (*cresc.*). The third staff continues with forte (*f*), piano (*p*), and a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*), then piano (*p*), and a crescendo (*cresc.*) to fortissimo (*f*). The fourth staff (C) starts with piano (*p*), followed by forte (*f*), and a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*). The fifth staff is marked 'solo mit 2. Viol.' and starts with piano (*p*), followed by forte (*f*), piano (*p*), a crescendo (*cresc.*), and fortissimo (*fp*). The sixth staff (E) starts with piano (*p*), followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*). The seventh staff (F) starts with piano (*p*), followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*). The eighth staff continues with piano (*p*), followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*). The ninth staff starts with piano (*p*), followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*). The tenth staff continues with piano (*p*), followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*). The eleventh staff starts with piano (*p*), followed by a crescendo (*cresc.*) to forte (*f*).

G)

ff *fp* *solo* *cresc.* *p*

2. SATZ
Adagio molto espressivo

p *mezza voce* *A* *p*

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro

p *cresc.* *p* *p*

cresc. *fp*

f *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *p*

cresc. *p* *A*

A *cresc.* *A* *A* *A* *A* *A* *A* *A* *A* *A* *f*

LETZTER SATZ

A) Presto

fp *pp* *(2)* *fp*

cresc. *solo* *A* *sf* *fp* *pp* *fp*

cresc. *solo* *A* *sf* *fp* *cresc.*

[illegible]

98 Schubert: Quintett (2 Violini, Viola, 2 Violoncelli) C-Ut-C Op. 163

1. SATZ

Allegro ma non troppo

1. SATZ
Allegro ma non troppo

A) V *p* *f* *p* *fz* *ff*

B) *fz* *ff*

C) *p* *pp* *fz* *ff*

D) *p* *ff*

E) *fz* *f*

F) V *pp* *ff* *p*

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Presto

3. SATZ (Scherzo)
Presto

A) *cresc.* *ffz* *fz*

B) *fz* *p*

C) *fz* *ff* *fz*

D) *fz* *fz*

E) *fz* *fz*

F) *fz* *fz*

G) *fz* *fz*

H) *fz* *fz*

I) *fz* *fz*

J) *fz* *fz*

K) *fz* *fz*

L) *fz* *fz*

LETZTER SATZ

Allegretto

LETZTER SATZ
Allegretto

A) *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz*

B) *fz* *fz*

C) *fz* *fz*

D) *fz* *fz*

B) *ff* A *restez* A..... E *fz* C) *p* *springen*

D) *p* A.... E

E) *f* *decresc.*

F) *pp* A..... G) *p* *staccato*

H) *Più presto* (*tr*) *ff* *p* *f*

cresc. *ff* (2)

[99] Bruckner: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, Violoncello) *F-Ta-F **

1. SATZ

Gemäßigt - Moderato (♩ = 72)

1. SA 12
GemäBigt - Moderato (♩ = 72)

A) *p* *dim.* *pp* *sempre cresc.* *p*

B) *poco a poco cresc.* *ff*

p *cresc.* *dim.* *pp* *sehr rubig*

cresc. accel. *ppp* *cresc.* *f cresc.*

Tempo I *ff*

pp *cresc.* *p* *poco a poco cresc.*

C) *solo* *ad libitum* *ff* *(p)* *breit gezogen*

D) *pp* *ff*

E) *solo* *ad libitum* *(p)* *gezogen* *molto cresc.*

2. SATZ (Scherzo)
Schnell (♩ = 138)

2. SATZ (Scherzo)
Schnell (♩ = 138)

A) *p* *poco a poco cresc.* (Rhythmus!)

f E gestrichen (*mf*) *cresc.* *ff*

C) *pp* D) *p* *cresc.*

2. SATZ

Allegretto vivace

[illegible]

Presto

[illegible]

LETZTER SATZ

Allegro energico

LETZTER SATZ
Allegro energico

A) *f*

B)

ff

ben marc.

8

4 3 1

1.

4 3 1

4.

4 3 1

4.

4

C)

V 1 1 b

f

V

D) *cresc.* *sf* *ff* *ben marc.* *E* *più f sempre*

Presto
E) *pp legg.* *(E)* *sempre pp* *cresc.* *ff* *p* *cresc.* *sf ff ben marc.* *A..... E*

101 Brahms: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, Violoncello) *G-Sol-G* Op. 111 *)

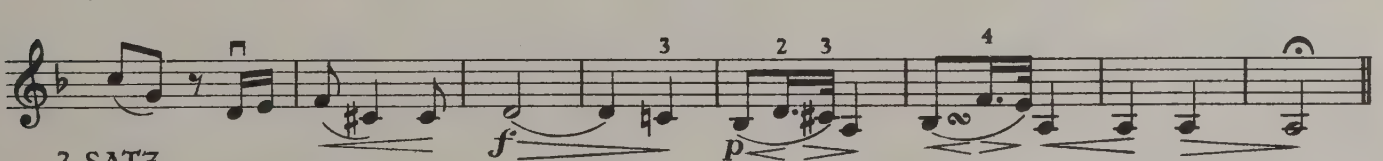
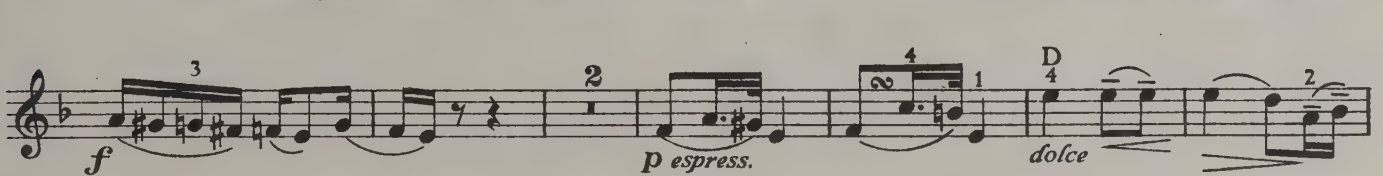
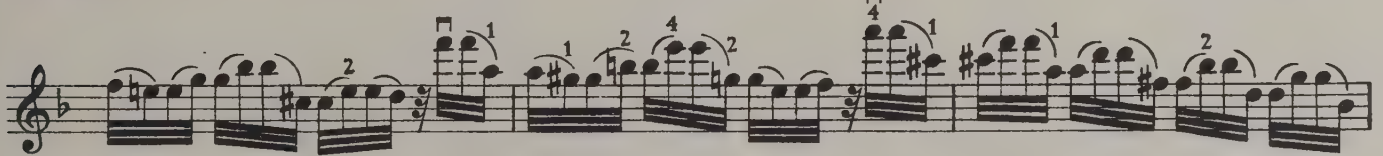
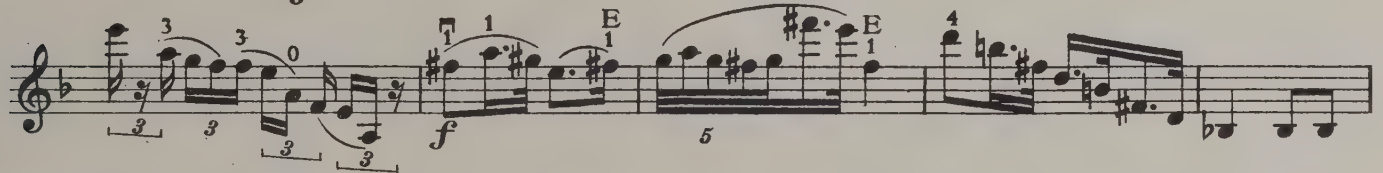
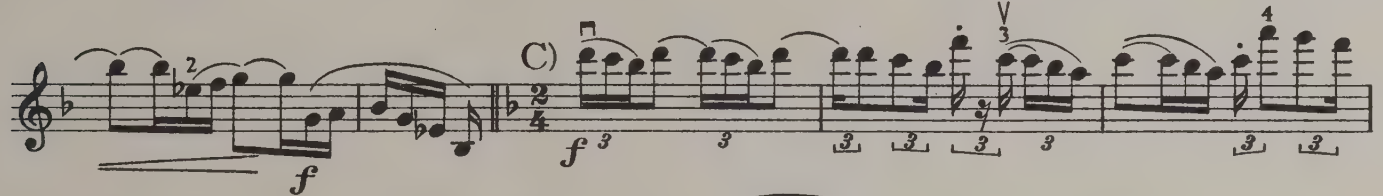
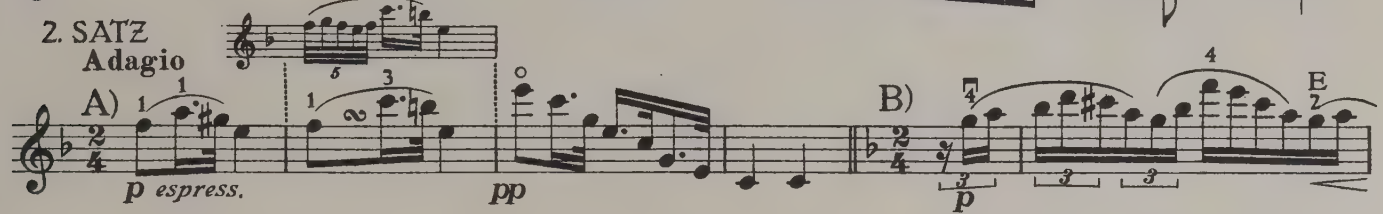
1. SATZ

Allegro non troppo, ma con brio

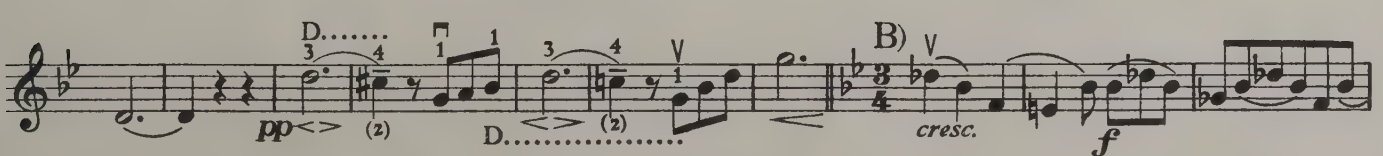
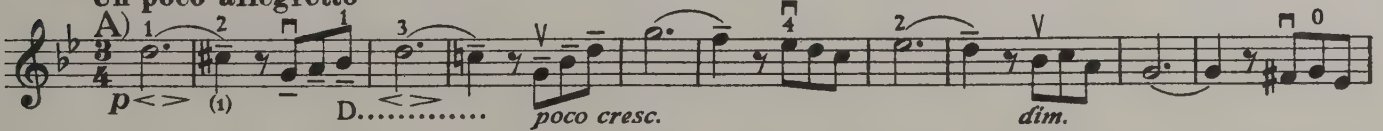
f *mf* *cresc.* *f* *mf* *f* *ma cantabile* *f* (*Rhythmus!*) *f* *dim.* *p* *dolce* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *f* *f* *A*



2. SATZ
Adagio



3. SATZ
Un poco allegretto



LETZTER SATZ

Vivace ma non troppo presto

The musical score consists of ten staves of music, primarily in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The time signature is 2/4. The piece is marked 'Vivace ma non troppo presto'.

- Staff 1:** Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic. It features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. A section labeled 'B)' begins with a piano (*pp*) dynamic.
- Staff 2:** Continues the melodic development with various fingerings (2, 3, 4) and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking.
- Staff 3:** Labeled 'C)', it begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking towards the end.
- Staff 4:** Features a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a *f e sempre più* (faster and more) instruction.
- Staff 5:** Continues with a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a *f e sempre più* instruction.
- Staff 6:** Features a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes a *f e sempre più* instruction.
- Staff 7:** Features a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a *f e sempre più* instruction.
- Staff 8:** Features a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a *f e sempre più* instruction.
- Staff 9:** Features a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a *f e sempre più* instruction.
- Staff 10:** Features a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a *f e sempre più* instruction.

p

pizz.

D)

p *dolce* *f* *sf* *p*

pp legg.

cresc. *f*

cresc.

animato *f*

E

cresc. *ff*

sf *sf*

sf

102 Brahms: Quintett (Clarinetto o Viola, 2 Violini, Viola, Violoncello) *b-si-b* Op. 115 *)

1. SATZ
Allegro

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 6/8 time signature. It consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a forte (f) dynamic and a triplet of eighth notes. The second staff has a piano (p) dynamic and a 'pizzicato' (pizz.) marking. The third staff has a forte (f) dynamic and a 'pizzicato' (pizz.) marking. The fourth staff has a forte (f) dynamic and a 'pizzicato' (pizz.) marking. The fifth staff has a piano (p) dynamic and a 'crescendo' (cresc.) marking. The sixth staff has a forte (f) dynamic and a 'pizzicato' (pizz.) marking. The seventh staff has a forte (f) dynamic and a 'pizzicato' (pizz.) marking. The eighth staff has a piano (p) dynamic and a 'leggiero' (legg.) marking. The ninth staff has a piano (p) dynamic and a 'leggiero' (legg.) marking. The tenth staff has a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic and a 'crescendo' (cresc.) marking. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and fingerings.

First section of the Quintette, featuring two staves of music. The first staff includes dynamics *f*, *f*, and *p cresc.*. The second staff includes *f sempre più*. Both staves contain complex rhythmic patterns with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4.

2. SATZ (Adagio)

Second section (Adagio), featuring two staves. The first staff is marked *A) Più lento c. sord.* with dynamics *ff* and *fp*. The second staff is marked *B) con sord.* with dynamics *ff* and *fp*. The music includes long, flowing lines with various articulations and fingerings.

Presto non assai, ma con sentimento

3. SATZ

Third section (Presto non assai, ma con sentimento), featuring two staves. The first staff is marked *A) 2* with dynamics *senza sord.* and *f e sempre più*. The second staff is marked *B)* with dynamics *cresc.* and *f*. Both staves contain complex rhythmic patterns with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4.

LETZTER SATZ

Con moto (Solo-Variation)

Final section (Con moto (Solo-Variation)), featuring multiple staves. The first staff is marked *A)* with dynamics *p* and *f*. The second staff is marked *B)* with dynamics *poco f* and *f*. The third staff is marked *(1^{ma} volta)* and *(2^{da} volta)* with dynamics *cresc.* and *f*. The fourth staff is marked *Un poco meno mosso* with dynamics *fp*. The music includes complex rhythmic patterns with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and various fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4.

103 Dvořák: Quintett (2 Violini, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabasso) *G-Sol-G* Op. 77 *)

1. SATZ

Allegro con fuoco (♩ = 132)

A) *p* *mf* *f* *pp* *fp* *leggiere*
 B) *leggiere*
 C) *p* *fz* *cresc.* *fz* *fz* *dim.* *fz* *ff* *grandioso*
 D) *ff* *grandioso*
 E) *leggiere* *fp*
 F) *fz* *dim.*
 Più mosso
 G) *f*

2. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro vivace (♩ = 88)

A) *f* *p* *f* *p* *pp*
 (Trio)
 B) *L'istesso tempo, quasi allegretto*
p *p* *fp* *f* *fp*

Poco andante (♩ = 69)

FINALE

Allegro assai (♩ = 132)

FINAL
Allegro assai (♩ = 132)

A) *mf*

B) *f cresc.*

C) *ff*

D) *f cresc.*

E) *p*

F) *ff*

104 Reger: Quintett (Clarinetto o Viola, 2 Violini, Viola, Violoncello) A-La-A Op. 146 *)

1. SATZ

Moderato ed amabile (♩ = 88)

A) *sul D.....*

p espress. *p* *p* *mf* *p*

B) *più animato*

f *più f*

C) *sempre ff* *fff* *mf e cresc.* *ff*

2. SATZ

(Vivace)

Un poco meno mosso (♩ = 144)

con sord.

ppp sempre dolcissimo

3. SATZ

Largo (♩ = 60)

A) *sempre ppp* *(senza sord.) p* *pp* *f*

B) *ritard.*

f più f *ff*

LETZTER SATZ

Poco allegretto (♩ = 92)

A) *p grazioso* *sul D.....* *mf espress.* *quasi rit. sul D.....* *B) a tempo*

mf espress. *f* *p* *pp espress.*

quasi rit. *Vivace (♩ = 152)*

C) *pp* *pp* *sf* *p*

pp *sf* *p* *pp* *pp*

Vivace (♩ = 160)

Vivace (quasi presto) (♩ = 144)

105 Schillings: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, Violoncello) *Es-Mib-Eb* Op. 32 *

1. SATZ

Mäßig bewegt (♩ = 92–108)

etwas treibend

Frisches Tempo

Etwas gehalten

Heftig

Frisch
D) *f* *dim.* *p espress.*

Frisch
E) *f*

Sehr getragen ($\text{♩} = 58-60$)
2. SATZ *ff* *f* (nicht schleppend)

3. SATZ („Sine lassitudine“)
Schnell und lebendig ($\text{♩} = 104-108$)

(Trio) **Etwas gemäßigt, singend** ($\text{♩} = 84$)
B) *p*

Sehr lebhaft
poco rall. *f*

Etwas gehalten
D) *ff*

LETZTER SATZ

Kräftig bewegt und fest ($\text{♩} = 84$)

A) *p cresc.* *mf cresc.* A

cresc. *f*

più f (A)

($\text{♩} = 88$) B) *mf cresc.* *f*

(A) E

106 Jarnach: Quintett (2 Violini, 2 Violen, Violoncello) Op. 10 *)

PRÄAMBULUM

Ruhig fließendes Zeitmaß ($\text{♩} = 104$)

A) *pp con sord.*

pp

Var. I Sinfonia

Rasch und kräftig ($\text{♩} = 100$)

(senza sord.)

B) *f*

Var. II Melodram

Mäßig, aber gehend ($\text{♩} = 76$)

C) *ff* 5

meno f *fz* *Gfz* *ff* E

sempre ff

Var. IV Aria

(Sehr breit und getragen, mit großem Ausdruck) (♩ = 58-63)

Noch breiter

D) *ten. 3* *(ff)* *a tutta forza* *molto* *Sehr ruhig* (♩ = 52) *molto rit.* *dim.* *p* *pp* *dolcissimo* *poco rit.* *più p* *morendo* *3*

Var. VII Finale (Doppelfuge)

Sehr lebhaft (♩ = 108-116)

E) *ff* *3* *3* *fz* *3* *cresc.* *molto ff* *ffz* *3* *fp* *3* *2* *2* *fz* *3* *fz* *3* *f* *3* *più f* *f* *sempre cresc.* *ff* *3*

SEXTETTE

107 Brahms: Sextett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, 2 Violoncelli) *B-S $\flat$ -B $\flat$* Op.18 *

1. SATZ

Allegro ma non troppo

A) *poco f espressivo*
tranquillo solo

B) *p dolce*
solo
poco rit.

C) *f espress. animato* (n) *cresc.* (3 n) A 4 4) *fp*

D) *f* (3 4)

E) *cresc.* *più f sempre cresc.*

(A 1) (A 3)

ff^(*) A 1)

8-.....
 A (E) p

2. SATZ

Andante ma moderato

A) *f*

**) auch so: 

*) Originalverlag: N. Simrock G. m. b. H., Berlin

f *E* *<f* *<f* *<f* *<f* *più f* *A* *E* *f* *più f* *ff*

3. SATZ (Scherzo)

A) Allegro molto

mf *tr* *cresc.* *f* *f* *cresc.* *ff* *p* *cresc.* *più cresc.* *B) Più animato* *f* *ff* *sempre più f* *ff* *ff*

LETZTER SATZ (Rondo)

Poco allegretto e grazioso

poco f cresc. *p* *p dolce* *p* *A*

Musical score for V- Sextette, page 205. The score consists of 12 staves of music in G major, 2/4 time. It includes various musical notations such as dynamics (*f*, *p*, *ff*, *pp*, *cresc.*, *dim.*, *dolce*), articulation (accents, slurs), and fingerings (1-4). Specific sections are labeled A, B, C, D, E, and F. The piece concludes with a final measure on the 12th staff.

108 Brahms: Sextett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, 2 Violoncelli) *G-Sol-G* Op. 36 *)

1. SATZ

Allegro non troppo

A) *p mezza voce* (V) *p*

B) *p cresc. poco a poco* *f*

C) *ff* A

(Rhythmus!) A..... *p* (G cresc. D A.....) *f*

D) *f* (3)

E) *Un poco sostenuto* *f*

2. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro non troppo

A) *p*

B) *sempre p* E

C) *p* *cresc.* *f*

Animato
D) V f A f A

3. SATZ
Poco adagio
A) p *molto espress.* A rit. $\parallel$ *in tempo* p cresc.

f A *dim.* B poco cresc. *dim.*
Più animato
C) pp p dolce A cresc. A f

Adagio ($\text{♩} = \text{♩}$)
D) p *molto espress.* cresc. $\text{E} \dots \text{f}$ *poco a poco rit.*

LETZTER SATZ
Poco allegro
A) p cresc. fp B p cresc. f

The musical score is written for a V. SEXTETTE in G major. It consists of ten staves of music. The notation includes various dynamics such as *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *cresc.* (crescendo), *molto p leggiero* (very piano, light), *fp* (fortissimo), and *p dolce* (piano, sweet). The score also features articulation marks like slurs and accents, as well as fingerings indicated by numbers 1 through 4. Specific sections are labeled with letters: A, B, C, D, and E. The C instrument has a solo section marked "C) solo". The music includes complex rhythmic patterns, triplets, and a variety of note values.

Animato

3 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

109 Korngold: Sextett (2 Violini, 2 Viole, 2 Violoncelli) D-Re-D Op. 10 *)

1. SATZ

Tempo I (Moderato) (strenge)

ff (breite) f ff

2. SATZ (Adagio)

Langsam

mp espr. p sub. ff con passione mf steigernd (accel.) ff marc.

3. SATZ (Intermezzo)

In gemäßigtem Zeitmaß, mit Grazie
Immer vorwärts!

(steigernd) *mp* *solo* *poco a poco rit.* *Tempo I* *p* *pp*

Allmählich bewegter werdend *pp*

sempre accel. *Sehr bewegt* *f*

4. SATZ (Finale)

So rasch als möglich (Presto)
Mit Feuer und Humor

A) *p* *f* *B)* *sfz* *(f)* *f* *ff* *p* *A* *Nicht ritardieren!* *a tempo* *ff* *fff*

SEPTETT

110 Beethoven: Septett (Violino, Viola, Violoncello, Contrabasso, Clarinetto, Fagotto, Corno) *Es-Mib-Eb* Op. 20

1. SATZ
Adagio (♩ = 72)

A)

p cresc. fp cresc. fp cresc. 3 3 fp

Allegro con brio (♩ = 96)

B)

f f f f

C)

p 3 3 sf

D)

mf cresc. f solo fp

E)

p 3 3 sf

F)

mf cresc. f solo

G)

p cresc. sf

3. SATZ
Tempo di Menuetto (♩ = 120)

A)

p cresc. sf p

4. SATZ (Tema con Variazioni)

Andante (♩ = 120)

Var. II (Solo-Var.)

so
(p)
A
A
E
A cresc.
A
E

5. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro molto e vivace (♩ = 126)

p cresc.
fz
cresc.
fz
f

LETZTER SATZ

Presto (♩ = 112)

mf
p
p
cresc.
f

C)

p *sf* *cresc.*

so

D)

Cadenza

E)

p *f*

F)

fp *f*

G)

p *cresc.* *f*

A

B

C

D

E

F

G

H

I

J

K

L

M

N

O

P

Q

R

S

T

U

V

W

X

Y

Z

pp cresc. decresc. pp

p f p

Var. 3 C)

p

cresc.

p

fp decresc.

Var. 6 D)

pp

pp

Var. 7 (Solo-Var.)
Un poco più mosso E)

p

cresc. p

f p

5. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)
AllegrettoLETZTER SATZ
Allegro

5. SATZ (Menuetto-Trio)
Allegretto

LETZTER SATZ
Allegro

Allegro molto

Section markers: A, B, C, D, E

Dynamics: *p*, *fz*, *f*, *ff*, *cresc.*, *decresc.*

Articulations: accents, slurs, trills (*tr*), triplets (*3*), quadruplets (*4*), and other rhythmic markings.

The image displays a page of musical notation for a piano piece, consisting of seven staves. The music is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature. The notation is dense, featuring many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together. Fingerings (1-4) and articulation marks (accents, slurs) are present throughout. Dynamic markings include *fz* (forzando), *cresc.* (crescendo), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). The piece includes repeat signs with first and second endings. The notation is complex, with many notes and rests, and includes various musical symbols such as slurs, accents, and fingerings.

112 Mendelssohn: Oktett (4 Violini, 2 Viole, 2 Violoncelli) *Es-Mib-Eb* Op. 20

1. SATZ

Allegro moderato ma con fuoco

Allegro moderato ma con fuoco

A)

p *cresc.* **f**

B)

p *cresc.* **f** E

C) $\frac{2}{\text{p}}$ f f ff *sempre ff*

con fuoco

f *cresc.* ff

ff f sf

VI. Position... ff

ff

D) *cresc.* ff *sempre ff*

ff

E) f *p con fuoco* *cresc.*

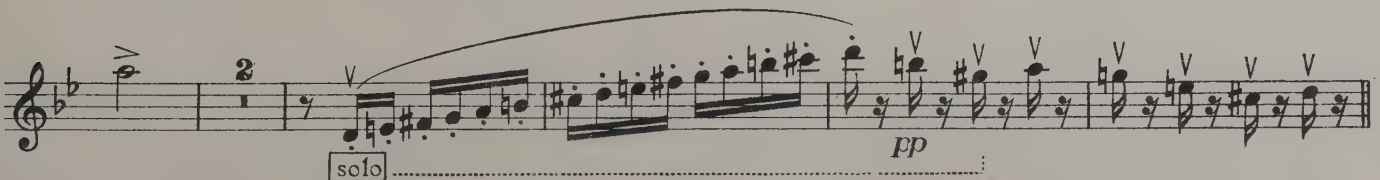
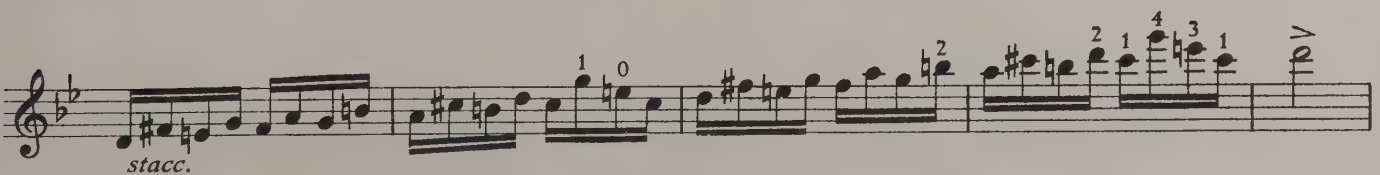
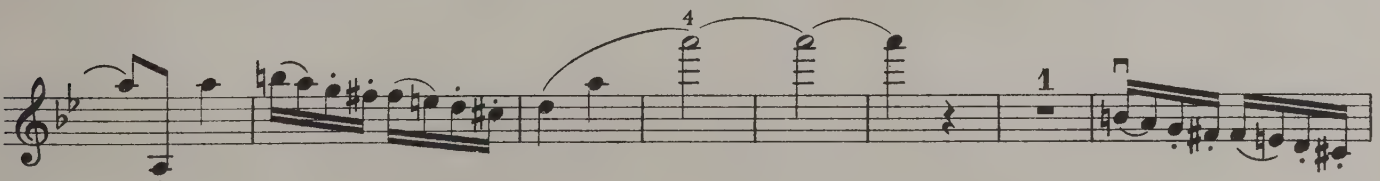
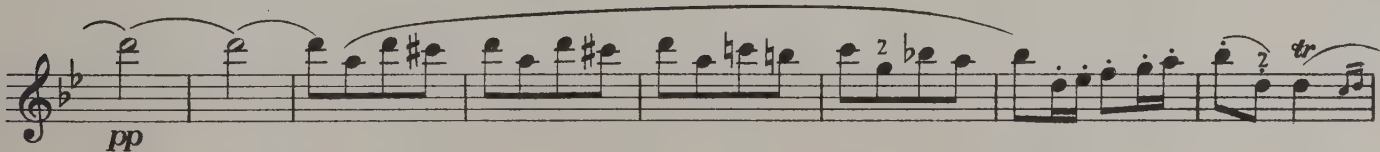
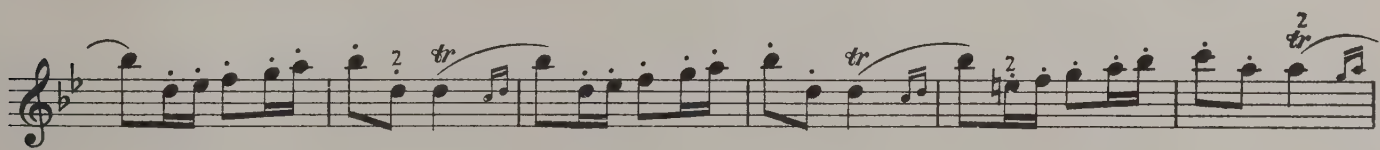
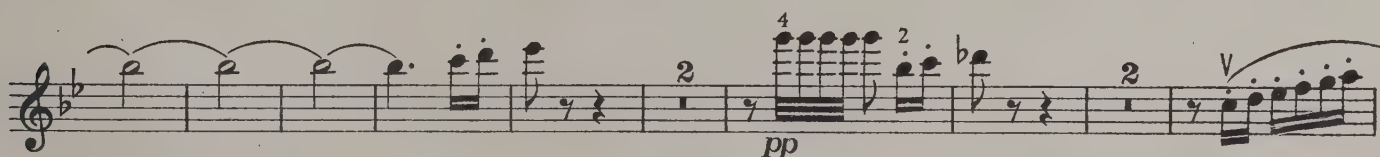
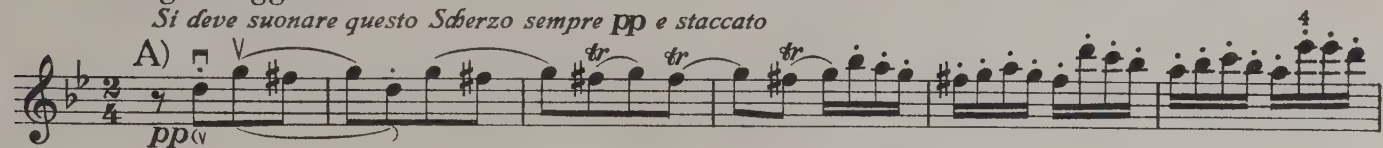
f *espress.* ff

ff sf sf ff *cresc.*



3. SATZ (Scherzo)

Allegro leggierissimo

Si deve suonare questo Scherzo sempre pp e staccato

B)

p *leggiere* (4)

D A

C)

dim. *pp.* 10

E

staccato

staccato E

solo 3

dim. D)

LETZTER SATZ

Presto

A)

f

B)

p

cresc.

mf *cresc.* *f*

p

p

C)

pp stacc. (2) 4

sempre stacc. solo

cresc. *cresc.*

D)

f p sempre stacc. 4 3 4 3

4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3

p

cresc. *cresc.*

mf *cresc.*

f *cresc.* *ff*

1 0

ff 1

MODERNE KAMMER=MUSIK

TRIOS

KLAVIER, VIOLINE, VIOLONCELLO

<i>Andreae, V.,</i>	Op. 1 Trio (f moll)
<i>Reger, Max,</i>	Op. 2 Trio (h moll) (KL. V. VA.)
<i>Schmid, H. Kasp.,</i>	Op. 35 Trio (d moll)
<i>Schulthess, Walter,</i>	Op. 6 Serenade (E dur) (V. VA. Vcell.)
<i>Scott, Cyril,</i>	Trio (C dur)
<i>Windsperger, L.,</i>	Trio (h moll)

QUARTETTE

2 VIOLINEN, VIOLA, VIOLONCELLO

<i>Hindemith, P.,</i>	Op. 10 Quartett (f moll)
"	Op. 16 Quartett (C dur)
"	Op. 22 Quartett (C dur)
<i>Jarnach, Phil.,</i>	Op. 16 IV. Quartett
<i>Korngold, E. W.,</i>	Klavier=Quartett
<i>Kreisler, Fritz,</i>	Quartett (a moll)
<i>Moritz, E.,</i>	Op. 10 Quartett mit Sopran=Solo
<i>Rimsky-Korsakow, N.,</i>	Quartett (F dur)
<i>Sekles, B.,</i>	Op. 31 Quartett
<i>Schmid, H. Kaspar,</i>	Op. 26 Quartett (G dur)
<i>Sgambati, G.,</i>	Op. 17 Quartett
<i>Verdi, G.,</i>	Quartett (e moll)
<i>Windsperger, L.,</i>	Quartett (g moll)

QUINTETTE

KLAVIER, 2 VIOLINEN, VIOLA, VIOLONCELLO

<i>Korngold, E. W.,</i>	Op. 15 Klavier=Quintett
<i>Reger, Max</i>	Erstes Quintett (c moll)
<i>Rózycki, L.,</i>	Quintett (c moll)
<i>Sgambati, G.,</i>	Op. 4 Quintett (f moll)
"	Op. 5 Quintett (B dur)
<i>Widor, Ch. M.,</i>	Op. 68 Quintett
<i>Zsolt, N.,</i>	Quintett (b moll)

FLÖTE, OBOE, CLARINETTE, HORN, FAGOTT

<i>Hindemith, P.,</i>	Op. 24 No. 2 Kleine Kammermusik für 5 Bläser
<i>Schmid, H. Kaspar</i>	Op. 28 Blasquintett (B dur)

SEXTETT

2 VIOLINEN, 2 VIOLAS, 2 VIOLONCELLI

<i>Korngold, E. W.,</i>	Op. 10 Sextett (D dur)
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B. SCHOTT'S SÖHNE, MAINZ

